Pennsylvania 2015 Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) Case and Demographic Data

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Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

			Goods p	roducing					S	Service providing	g			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	43,540	11,440	830	3,660	6,950	32,100	12,920	380	1,190	3,700	9,710	3,380	820	
Gender:														
Male	28,040	10,230	720	3,660	5,850	17,800	9,230	350	890	2,870	1,780	2,070	620	
Female	15,090	1,200	110		1,100	13,890	3,290	30	300	830	7,930	1,320	200	
Age:														
14 to 15	20													
16 to 19	1,050	200	30	90	80	840	270			120	130	230		
20 to 24	3,980	1,100	110	480	500	2,880	1,080			310	580	840		
25 to 34	8,720	2,360	200	850	1,310	6,350	2,650	40	160	920		730		
35 to 44	9,010	2,400	180	680	1,540	6,610	2,790	90	260	780	· ·	420		
45 to 54	10,430	2,900	190	990	1,730	7,530	2,910	100	150	780		550		
55 to 64	7,990	2,250	110	550	1,580	5,740	2,170	80	600	410	1,870	440		
65 and over	1,720	160			1,500	1,560	740			270	370	90		
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	4,610	1,230	60	460	700	3,380	1,380		200	390	530	830	60	
3 to 11 months	7,200	1,760	240	420	1,100	5,440	2,700	80	80	500	1,310	580		
1 to 5 years	15,530	4,030	290	1,500	2,230	11,500	3,650	60	630	1,810	3,900	1,140		
More than 5 years	15,530	4,350	230	1,230	2,890	11,190	4,770	240	280	880	,	830		
Race or ethnic origin ^s :														
White only	23,180	8,040	220	3,090	4,730	15,140	5,550	180	730	1,980	4,510	1,740	440	
Black only	2,840	260		60	200	2,590	670			340		110		
Hispanic or Latino only	1,920	680	170	50	470	1,230	440			380		150		
Asian only	230	90			80	140	40				40	30		
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	50					50					20	20		
American Indian or Alaskan Native only														
Hispanic or Latino and other race	30													
Multi-race	20					20								
Not reported	15,250	2,340	430	460	1,450	12,910	6,190	180	430	990	3,520	1,340	270	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration grequirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

			Goods p	producing					9	Service providing	g			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Gender:														
Male	64.4	89.4	86.7	100.0	84.2	55.5	71.4	92.1	74.8	77.6	18.3	61.2	75.6	
Female	34.7	10.5	13.3		15.8	43.3	25.5	7.9	25.2	22.4	81.7	39.1	24.4	
Age:														
14 to 15														
16 to 19	2.4	1.7	3.6	2.5	1.2	2.6	2.1			3.2	1.3	6.8		
20 to 24	9.1					9.0	8.4			8.4		24.9	8.5	
25 to 34	20.0	20.6				19.8	20.5	10.5	13.4	24.9		21.6		
35 to 44	20.7						21.6		21.8					
45 to 54	24.0						22.5		12.6					
55 to 64	18.4					17.9	16.8		50.4	11.1				
65 and over	4.0	1.4			2.0	4.9	5.7			7.3				
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	10.6	10.8	7.2	12.6	10.1	10.5	10.7		16.8	10.5	5.5	24.6	7.3	
3 to 11 months	16.5	15.4	28.9			16.9	20.9		6.7			17.2		
1 to 5 years	35.7	35.2					28.3		52.9			33.7		
More than 5 years	35.7								23.5			24.6		
Race or ethnic origin⁵:														
White only	53.2	70.3	26.5	84.4	68.1	47.2	43.0	47.4	61.3	53.5	46.4	51.5	53.7	
Black only	6.5			1.6			5.2			9.2		3.3		
Hispanic or Latino only	4.4					3.8	3.4			10.3		4.4		
Asian only	.5	.8			1.2	.4	.3				.4	.9		
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	.1					.2					.2	.6		
American Indian or Alaskan Native only														
Hispanic or Latino and other race	.1													
Multi-race						.1								
Not reported	35.0	20.5	51.8	12.6	20.9	40.2	47.9	47.4	36.1	26.8	36.3	39.6	32.9	

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			Goods p	producing					S	Service providing	g			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	43,540	11,440	830	3,660	6,950	32,100	12,920	380	1,190	3,700	9,710	3,380	820	-
Management occupations	870	130		90	40	740	90		80	90	330	60	80	-
Business and financial operations occupations	250	50				200			80	60				-
Computer and mathematical occupations	60					50								-
Architecture and engineering occupations	550	70			20	480				480				-
Life, physical, and social science occupations	90	50			50	40						20		-
Community and social service occupations	600					600					520			-
Legal occupations	190					190				190				-
Education, training, and library occupations	270					270					260			-
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	200					200						170		-
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	2,470					2,470	20				2,440			-
Healthcare support occupations	2,860					2,860	130				2,700			-
Protective service occupations	580	30			20	550	30			320	130	50		-
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,590					2,590	340				290	1,940		-
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,950	120			110	1,830	100			830	510	360		-
Personal care and service occupations	1,790					1,790	30				1,280	450		-
Sales and related occupations	2,330				30				270			30		-
Office and administrative support occupations	2,790	180			180	2,610	1,330	20	220	150	730	80	80	-
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	510		430			80								-
Construction and extraction occupations	3,490		170			340	90			80		50		-
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	4,020		90	500		2,810		260	430	200			400	-
Production occupations	5,620				4,270	1,330				170			50	-
Transportation and material moving occupations	9,210	1,680	100	140	1,440	7,540	6,270	20	80	940	100	40	90	-

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activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

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			Goods p	oroducing					9	Service providing	9			
Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	43,540	11,440	830	3,660	6,950	32,100	12,920	380	1,190	3,700	9,710	3,380	820	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	3,040	940			940	2,090	1,910			100	20	40		
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	2,520	260	70		170	2,260	2,070			190				
Nursing assistants	1,940					1,940					1,940			
Maintenance and repair workers, general	1,230	400			390	830	130		430	50	150	80		
Registered nurses	1,150					1,150					1,140			
Light truck or delivery services drivers	1,110	70			60	1,050	870			150				
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	1,000	970		970		30					30			
Stock clerks and order fillers	990	30			30	960	890							
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	970	100			100	870	100			500	170	80		
Food preparation workers	900					900	300					590		
Retail salespersons	840					840	840							
Construction laborers	820	800		740	50	20	20							
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	800					800	620							
Personal care aides	750					750					750			
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	560	260		260		300	130						170	
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	510					500					290	190		
Tailors, dressmakers, and custom sewers	490					490	490							
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	480					480	340						130	
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	460					460						430		
Receptionists and information clerks	410					410					400			
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	410	410			390									
Security guards	400	20			20	380				270	90	20		
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	390					390				390				
Residential advisors	380					380					380			
First-line supervisors of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	370					370	280			40				
Driver/sales workers	370	20			20	350	330							

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³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration grequirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					5	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	43,540	11,440	830	3,660	6,950	32,100	12,920	380	1,190	3,700	9,710	3,380	820	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	4,110	1,570	80	750	740	2,540	1,120		110	370	640	220	80	
Sprains, strains, tears	16,790	3,250	210	840	2,190	13,540	5,260	210	280	1,470	5,240	730	360	
Amputations	160	80			70	90	80							
Bruise, contusions	3,820	850	130	300	420	2,970	1,150	20	30	140	1,240	360		
Chemical burns and corrosions	100	40			30	60	40				20			
Heat (thermal) burns	850	130			130	710	310				90	300		
Soreness, pain	4,390	1,180	110	340	730	3,210	1,240	30	190	410	870	330		
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	4,330	1,580	100	570	910	2,750	1,100	50		560	200	810		
Cuts, lacerations	4,020	1,450	100	560	780	2,570	1,000	40		530	160	800		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	310	120			120	180	100				50			
Carpal tunnel syndrome Tendonitis	250 120	150 40			140 30	100 80	30 20				30			
Multiple traumatic injuries	120	40 210	 20		30 180	80 940	20 450			110	240	 50	60	
With sprains and other injuries	410	30	20		20	390	140			110	150	20		
With fractures and other injuries	270	100			20 90	170	140				30	20		
	270	100			50	1/0	120				50			
Part of body affected:														
Head	4,390	1,020	60	240	720	3,360	1,300	30	400	590	710	280	60	
Eye	900	440	20	150	270	460	260			60	90	30		
Neck	620	150		90	50	470	140	20		50	230			
Trunk	9,620	2,640	180	1,070	1,390	6,980	2,630	100	270	730	2,410	720	130	
Back	7,070	1,760	100	730	930	5,300	1,930	90	240	660	1,910	350	120	
Upper extremities	13,780	4,340	260	1,110	2,970	9,440	4,110	60	290	1,080	2,220	1,440	240	
Shoulder	4,060	960	30	260	670	3,090	1,460	30	130	510	720	140	100	
Arm	2,140	970	30	410	540	1,170	560	20	50	40	380	100		
Wrist	1,240	450	20	70	370	780	230			70	340	100		
Hand	5,770	1,790	140	360	1,280	3,980	1,690		70	440	640	1,030		
Lower extremities	10,100	2,520	210	940	1,370	7,580	3,130	130	130	910	2,390	670		
Knee	3,380	740	70	120	540	2,650	1,040	40	30	270	910	220		
Ankle	2,490	470	60	160	260	2,010	670	20	80	160	880	200		
Foot	2,010	820	70	440	320	1,180	570			120	310	140		
Toe, toenail Rody cystems	700	450	50		80 100	250	90 220				60 110	80		
Body systems	650	150	100	170	100 320	500	320		 50	60 250			100	
Multiple	3,880	580	100	170	320	3,300	1,030		50	250	1,580	210	160	
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	350	140			130	200	70			60	60			
Containers	4,490	880	50	110	720	3,610	2,350			360	380	470	30	
Furniture, fixtures	1,560	530		370	160	1,020	2,550			160	350	160		
Machinery	3,270	1,270	110	300	860	2,000	960		500	110	220	170		
Parts and materials	2,910	1,730	60	630	1,050	1,180	810	20		140	80	80		
Person, injured or ill worker	6,040	1,650	120	260	1,270	4,390	1,730	150	60	320		650		
Worker motion or position	5,490	1,650	120	250	1,270	3,840	1,440	150	60	310	1,170	430		
Person, other than injured or ill workers	3,330					3,320	120			70		130		
Health care patient	2,780					2,780	30				2,750			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	7,960	1,460	140	350	970	6,510	2,210	60	310	550	2,730	550	110	
Ladder	1,110	330		230	90	780	470	20		110			100	
Handtools	2,950	1,250	20	900	330	1,700	420			470	90	580	70	
Vehicles	4,250	610	110	200	300	3,640	2,360	30	80	460	590	90	30	

			Goods p	producing					9	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administratio
Trucks	1,030	210	30	100	90	820	650			160				
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1,010	40			30	970	730			80	120	30		-
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	1,940	130	100		30	1,810	180	30	40	60	1,350	140		-
Intentional injury by other person	990					980	40			40	860	40		
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	510					500					400	90		-
Animal and insect related incidents	440	120	100		20	320	130	30	40		90			-
Transportation incidents	1,520	230	30	120	70	1,290	600			200	420	20		-
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	1,070	170	30	110	30	900	360			110	370			-
Fires and explosions	60	50			50									-
Falls, slips, trips	11,500	2,440	180	880	1,370	9,070	3,370	100	330	950	3,240	800	270)
Slips, trips without fall	1,370	350	40	80	230	1,020	340	20		110	310	180	50)
Fall on same level	7,050	1,140	60	250	830	5,910	1,960	30	260	510	2,520		110)
Fall to lower level	2,580	860	70	500	280	1,720	880	30		290	270	90	100)
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	1,610	430	20	110	300	1,180	490			110	220	330		-
Contact with object, equipment	12,490	4,410	300	1,470	2,630	8,090	3,840	40	450	1,270	1,140	1,220	120	
Struck by object or equipment	7,320	2,550	110	1,120	1,330	4,770	2,260	20	40	870	610		90)
Struck against object or equipment	2,850	830	80	150	590	2,020	1,070		70	190	350	320		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	1,950	850	100	170	590	1,100	430		340	180	100			
Overexertion and bodily reaction	14,100	3,740	180	1,080	2,480	10,360	4,180	190	340	1,100			380)
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	710	370			340	340	100		40	40	90			-
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	3,670	900	40	200	660	2,770	1,300		270	260	770	140		-

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NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					ç	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	9.4	13.7	9.6	20.5	10.6	7.9	8.7		9.2	10.0	6.6	6.5	9.8	
Sprains, strains, tears	38.6	28.4	25.3	23.0	31.5	42.2	40.7	55.3	23.5	39.7	54.0	21.6	43.9	
Amputations	.4	.7			1.0	.3	.6							
Bruise, contusions	8.8	7.4	15.7	8.2	6.0	9.3	8.9	5.3	2.5	3.8	12.8	10.7		
Chemical burns and corrosions	.2	.3			.4	.2	.3				.2			
Heat (thermal) burns	2.0	1.1			1.9	2.2	2.4				.9	8.9		
Soreness, pain	10.1	10.3	13.3	9.3	10.5	10.0	9.6	7.9	16.0	11.1	9.0	9.8	17.1	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	9.9	13.8	12.0	15.6	13.1	8.6	8.5	13.2		15.1	2.1	24.0		
Cuts, lacerations	9.2	12.7	12.0	15.3	11.2	8.0	7.7	10.5		14.3	1.6	23.7		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	.7	1.0			1.7	.6	.8				.5			
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.6	1.3			2.0	.3	.2				.3			
Tendonitis	.3	.3			.4	.2	.2							
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.6	1.8	2.4		2.6	2.9	3.5			3.0	2.5	1.5	7.3	
With sprains and other injuries	.9	.3			.3	1.2	1.1				1.5	.6		
With fractures and other injuries	.6	.9			1.3	.5	.9				.3			
Part of body affected:														
Head	10.1	8.9	7.2	6.6	10.4	10.5	10.1	7.9	33.6	15.9	7.3	8.3	7.3	
Eye	2.1	3.8	2.4	4.1	3.9	1.4	2.0			1.6		.9		
Neck	1.4	1.3		2.5	.7	1.5	1.1	5.3		1.4	2.4			
Trunk	22.1	23.1	21.7	29.2	20.0	21.7	20.4	26.3	22.7	19.7	24.8	21.3	15.9	
Back	16.2	15.4	12.0	19.9	13.4	16.5	14.9	23.7	20.2			10.4	14.6	
Upper extremities	31.6	37.9	31.3	30.3	42.7	29.4	31.8	15.8	24.4			42.6		
Shoulder	9.3	8.4	3.6	7.1	9.6	9.6		7.9			7.4	4.1		
Arm	4.9	8.5	3.6	11.2	7.8	3.6		5.3	4.2			3.0		
Wrist	2.8	3.9	2.4	1.9	5.3	2.4				1.9		3.0		
Hand	13.3	15.6	16.9	9.8	18.4	12.4	13.1		5.9			30.5		
Lower extremities	23.2	22.0	25.3	25.7	19.7	23.6	24.2	34.2	10.9			19.8		
Knee	7.8	6.5	8.4	3.3	7.8	8.3	8.0	10.5	2.5	7.3		6.5		
Ankle	5.7	4.1	7.2	4.4	3.7	6.3		5.3	6.7	4.3		5.9		
Foot	4.6	7.2	8.4	12.0	4.6	3.7	4.4			3.2	3.2	4.1		
Toe, toenail	1.6	3.9	6.0		1.2	.8	.7				.6	2.4		
Body systems	1.5	1.3			1.4	.0				1.6				
Multiple	8.9	5.1	12.0	4.6	4.6	10.3			4.2	6.8		6.2	19.5	
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	.8	1.2			1.9	.6	.5			1.6	.6			
Containers	10.3	7.7	6.0	3.0	10.4	11.2	18.2			9.7	3.9	13.9		
Furniture, fixtures	3.6	4.6		10.1	2.3	3.2				4.3		4.7		
Machinery	7.5	11.1	13.3	8.2	12.4	6.2	7.4		42.0	3.0	2.3	5.0		
Parts and materials	6.7	15.1	7.2	17.2	15.1	3.7		5.3		3.8		2.4		
Person, injured or ill worker	13.9	14.4	14.5	7.1	18.3	13.7						19.2		
Worker motion or position	12.6	14.4	14.5	6.8	18.3	12.0		39.5	5.0			12.7		
Person, other than injured or ill workers	7.6					10.3				1.9		3.8		
Health care patient	6.4					8.7	.2				28.3			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	18.3	12.8	16.9	9.6	14.0	20.3	17.1	15.8	26.1	14.9	28.1	16.3	13.4	
Ladder	2.5	2.9		6.3	1.3	2.4	3.6	5.3		3.0	.8		12.2	
Handtools	6.8	10.9	2.4	24.6	4.7	5.3	3.3			12.7	.9	17.2	8.5	
Vehicles	9.8	5.3	13.3	5.5	4.3	11.3	18.3	7.9	6.7	12.4	6.1	2.7	3.7	

			Goods p	producing					9	Service providing)			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administratic
Trucks	2.4	1.8	3.6	2.7	1.3	2.6	5.0			4.3				
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	2.3	.3			.4	3.0	5.7			2.2	1.2	.9		
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	4.5	1.1	12.0		.4	5.6	1.4	7.9	3.4	1.6	13.9	4.1		
Intentional injury by other person	2.3					3.1	.3			1.1	8.9	1.2		
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.2					1.6					4.1	2.7		
Animal and insect related incidents	1.0	1.0	12.0		.3	1.0	1.0	7.9	3.4		.9			
Transportation incidents	3.5	2.0	3.6	3.3	1.0	4.0	4.6			5.4	4.3	.6		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.5	1.5	3.6	3.0	.4	2.8	2.8			3.0	3.8			
Fires and explosions	.1	.4			.7									
Falls, slips, trips	26.4	21.3	21.7	24.0	19.7	28.3	26.1	26.3	27.7	25.7	33.4	23.7	32.9	
Slips, trips without fall	3.1	3.1	4.8	2.2	3.3	3.2	2.6	5.3		3.0	3.2	5.3	6.1	
Fall on same level	16.2	10.0	7.2	6.8	11.9	18.4	15.2	7.9	21.8	13.8	26.0	15.4	13.4	
Fall to lower level	5.9	7.5	8.4	13.7	4.0	5.4	6.8	7.9		7.8	2.8	2.7	12.2	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	3.7	3.8	2.4	3.0	4.3	3.7	3.8			3.0	2.3	9.8		
Contact with object, equipment	28.7	38.5	36.1	40.2	37.8	25.2	29.7	10.5	37.8			36.1	14.6	
Struck by object or equipment	16.8	22.3	13.3	30.6	19.1	14.9	17.5	5.3	3.4	23.5	6.3	25.7	11.0	
Struck against object or equipment	6.5	7.3	9.6	4.1	8.5	6.3	8.3		5.9	5.1	3.6	9.5		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.5	7.4	12.0	4.6	8.5	3.4	3.3		28.6	4.9	1.0			
Overexertion and bodily reaction	32.4	32.7	21.7	29.5	35.7	32.3	32.4	50.0	28.6	29.7	34.3	25.4	46.3	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.6	3.2			4.9	1.1	.8		3.4	1.1	.9	2.1		
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	8.4	7.9	4.8	5.5	9.5	8.6	10.1		22.7	7.0	7.9	4.1		

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					5	Service providing	g			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	106.1	135.1	132.0	173.1	121.5	98.5	140.5	52.1	41.3	54.0	115.1	106.3	62.1	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	10.0	18.5	12.5	35.6	12.9	7.8	12.2		3.7	5.4	7.6	7.0	6.0	
Sprains, strains, tears	40.9	38.4	34.3	39.9	38.3	41.6	57.2	28.6	9.7	21.4	62.1	23.0	27.1	
Amputations	.4	.9			1.3	.3	.9							
Bruise, contusions	9.3	10.1	20.7	14.3	7.4	9.1	12.5	3.1	1.2	2.1	14.7	11.3		
Chemical burns and corrosions	.2	.5			.6	.2	.4				.2			
Heat (thermal) burns	2.1	1.6			2.2	2.2					1.1	9.3		
Soreness, pain	10.7	14.0	18.0	15.9	12.8	9.9	13.5	3.5	6.5	6.0		10.5	10.7	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	10.5	18.6	16.7	26.7	15.8	8.4	11.9	6.7		8.1		25.3		
Cuts, lacerations	9.8	17.2	16.7	26.6	13.7	7.9	10.8	6.0		7.7		25.3		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds) Carpal tunnel syndrome	.7	1.5 1.7			2.1 2.4	.6 .3	1.1				.5			
Tendonitis	.0	1.7			2.4		.3				.4			
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.8	.5	2.6		.0	2.9	4.9			1.6	2.8	1.6	4.6	
With sprains and other injuries	1.0	2.5	2.0		5.2	1.2	1.5				1.7	1.0		
With fractures and other injuries	.7	1.2			1.5	.5	1.3				.3			
Part of body affected:														
Head	10.7	12.1	10.2	11.3	12.6	10.3	14.2	3.6	13.8	8.6	8.4	8.7	4.9	
Eye	2.2	5.2	3.6	6.9	4.8	1.4	2.8			.9		.9		
Neck	1.5	1.8		4.4	.9	1.4	1.6	3.3		.7				
Trunk	23.4	31.2	29.4	50.4	24.3	21.4	28.6	13.7	9.3	10.6		22.5	9.9	
Back	17.2	20.8	16.4	34.6	16.2	16.3	21.0	12.9	8.3	9.7	22.6	10.9	9.3	
Upper extremities	33.6	51.3	41.9	52.4	51.9	29.0	44.7	8.8	10.1	15.7	26.3	45.2	18.1	
Shoulder	9.9	11.4	4.7	12.4	11.7	9.5	15.9	4.1	4.6	7.4	8.6	4.5	7.4	
Arm	5.2	11.5	4.9	19.2	9.4	3.6	6.1	2.4	1.6	.6	4.5	3.3		
Wrist	3.0	5.4	3.7	3.1	6.4	2.4	2.5			1.0	4.0	3.1		
Hand	14.1	21.2	23.1	17.2	22.4	12.2	18.3		2.5	6.4	7.6	32.5	7.0	
Lower extremities	24.6	29.8	32.9	44.6	24.0	23.3	34.1	18.0	4.7	13.3	28.4	21.0	16.0	
Knee	8.2	8.7	11.5	5.7	9.5	8.1	11.4	6.0	1.2	3.9	10.7	6.8	10.4	
Ankle	6.1	5.6	9.3	7.4	4.5	6.2	7.2	2.5	2.8	2.4	10.4	6.4		
Foot	4.9	9.7	10.5	20.6	5.6	3.6	6.2			1.7	3.7	4.5		
Toe, toenail	1.7	5.3	8.5		1.4	.8	.9				.7	2.7		
Body systems	1.6	1.8			1.7	1.5				.8				
Multiple	9.4	6.9	15.2	8.0	5.5	10.1	11.2		1.7	3.6	18.8	6.5	12.4	
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	.8	1.7			2.3	.6	.8			.8	.7			
Containers	10.9	10.4	8.0	5.1	12.6	11.1	25.6			5.3	4.5	14.7	2.7	
Furniture, fixtures	3.8	6.3		17.4	2.9	3.1	2.8			2.3	4.2	5.0	4.5	
Machinery	8.0	15.0	17.2	14.0	15.1	6.1	10.4		17.5	1.7		5.2		
Parts and materials	7.1	20.5	9.4	29.6	18.3	3.6				2.0		2.5		
Person, injured or ill worker	14.7	19.5	19.0	12.3	22.3	13.5			2.3			20.6	20.7	
Worker motion or position	13.4	19.4	19.0	12.0	22.2	11.8	15.7	20.7	2.3			13.5	20.6	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	8.1					10.2	1.3			1.0		4.0		
Health care patient	6.8					8.5	.3				32.6			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	19.4	17.2	22.3	16.3	17.0	20.0	24.0	8.1	10.7	8.0		17.2		
Ladder	2.7	3.9		10.9	1.6	2.4	5.1	2.9		1.6			7.9	
Handtools	7.2	14.8		42.7	5.8	5.2				6.9		18.3	5.0	
Vehicles	10.4	7.2	16.9	9.6	5.3	11.2	25.6	3.7	2.7	6.7	7.0	2.9	2.7	
										-	-			

			Goods p	producing					S	Service providing)			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Trucks	2.5	2.5	4.1	4.7	1.5	2.5	7.1			2.4				
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	2.5	.4			.6	3.0	8.0			1.2	1.4	.8		
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	4.7	1.5	15.5		.5	5.6	2.0	4.2	1.6	.9	16.0	4.4		
Intentional injury by other person	2.4					3.0	.4			.6	10.2	1.3		
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.2					1.5					4.8	2.7		
Animal and insect related incidents	1.1	1.4	15.5		.3	1.0	1.4	4.2	1.6		1.1			
Transportation incidents	3.7	2.7	5.1	5.7	1.3	4.0	6.5			2.9	5.0	.8		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.6	2.0	4.9	5.1	.6	2.8	3.9			1.5	4.4			
Fires and explosions	.2	.6			.8									
Falls, slips, trips	28.0	28.8	29.2	41.6	24.0	27.8	36.7	13.4	11.4	13.9	38.4	25.2	20.7	
Slips, trips without fall	3.3	4.2	7.1	3.6	4.1	3.1	3.7	3.3		1.5	3.7	5.7	3.5	
Fall on same level	17.2	13.5	10.3	11.8	14.4	18.1	21.3	4.0	9.1	7.5	29.9	16.2	8.0	
Fall to lower level	6.3	10.1	11.8	23.7	4.9	5.3	9.6	4.4		4.2	3.2	2.9	7.9	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	3.9	5.1	4.0	5.2	5.2	3.6	5.3			1.7	2.6	10.2		
Contact with object, equipment	30.4	52.1	48.3	69.5	46.0	24.8	41.8	5.4	15.8	18.6		38.4	9.0	
Struck by object or equipment	17.8	30.2	16.8	52.9	23.2	14.6	24.6	3.1	1.5	12.7	7.3	27.2	6.9	
Struck against object or equipment	6.9	9.8	12.8	7.3	10.4	6.2	11.7		2.4	2.8	4.2	9.9		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.8	10.1	16.2	7.8	10.3	3.4	4.6		11.9	2.7	1.1	1.1		
Overexertion and bodily reaction	34.4	44.2	29.1	51.1	43.3	31.8	45.4	25.6	11.7	16.0	39.4	26.9	28.9	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.7	4.4			5.9	1.0	1.1		1.3	.6	1.1	2.2		
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	9.0	10.7	7.0	9.3	11.5	8.5	14.2		9.5	3.7	9.1	4.3		

 1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) \times 20,000,000 where

- N = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
- 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration grequirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	12.9	11.2	15.9	10.2	10.4	7.7	31.6	10
Gender:									
Male	100.0	12.1	9.7	15.5	10.4	11.0	8.3		12
Female	100.0	13.3	14.2	17.0	10.0	9.3	6.7	29.5	8
Age:									
14 - 15	100.0								2
16 - 19	100.0	33.3	12.4	20.0	12.4	11.4		9.5	3
20 - 24	100.0	12.1	17.8	20.1	8.8	7.8	13.8		5
25 - 34	100.0	16.4	17.8	19.2	9.1	10.2	5.5		5
35 - 44	100.0	11.3	11.4	14.5	14.1	10.8	8.4		9
45 - 54	100.0	8.6	8.1	14.1	10.4	12.9	6.2		17
55 - 64	100.0	13.0	5.9	15.5	8.3	9.0	9.4		19
65 and over	100.0	8.7	2.9	9.9	9.3	8.7	9.9	50.0	31
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	13.0	8.9	16.9	16.5	7.6	12.4		8
3 - 11 months	100.0	14.0	12.8	21.4	9.2	9.4	4.7		7
1 - 5 years	100.0	14.9	15.3	16.4	7.9	10.5	7.0		7
5 years or more	100.0	9.3	7.5	13.0	11.4	11.7	8.8	38.3	19
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	13.8	13.1	16.0	9.9	8.4	8.5		10
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	15.1	14.6	14.6	10.4	10.9	3.6		7
Black or African American	100.0	8.5	6.0	26.1	7.7	14.4	7.0		13
Asian	100.0	21.7		21.7	13.0			30.4	6
American Indian or Alaska Native									
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	40.0		40.0		40.0			4
Multi-race	100.0								5
Hispanic and other	100.0								1

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work wit ² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data of SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occu	Multi-race and	"Hispanic and o classifiable resp	ther" race. onses, data may			November 09, 2	016		

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	12.9	11.2	15.9	10.2	10.4	7.7	31.6	10
Management occupations	100.0	6.9	11.5	17.2	16.1	23.0	4.6	20.7	10
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0		8.0	12.0	8.0	20.0		44.0	22
Computer and mathematical occupations	100.0	33.3							2
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0						5.5	21.8	2
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0			22.2				33.3	14
Community and social service occupations	100.0	13.3	5.0	23.3	6.7	20.0	3.3	28.3	11
Legal occupations	100.0								9
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	11.1	11.1	14.8	11.1	29.6		22.2	14
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0	20.0	15.0	20.0	15.0	15.0		10.0	5
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	13.4	10.1	22.3	10.1	12.6	9.3	22.3	7
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	12.9	13.6	18.5	12.2	8.0	8.4	26.6	6
Protective service occupations	100.0	8.6	6.9	19.0	5.2	13.8	8.6	37.9	17
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0	13.5	22.4	19.7	5.8	6.2	17.0	15.8	5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	9.7	13.8	16.4	9.7	12.3	7.7	30.3	11
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	8.9	5.6	11.7	22.9	7.3	5.0	38.5	12
Sales and related occupations	100.0	13.7	13.3	12.0	12.0	5.6	6.4	36.5	8
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	18.3	20.4	12.9	7.9	9.3	5.4	25.8	5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0	7.8	19.6	35.3	9.8	17.6	3.9	7.8	3
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	4.9	3.4	24.1	6.6	6.9	5.7	48.7	29
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	24.1	10.2	11.4	6.5	12.7	9.5	25.9	9
Production occupations	100.0	13.5	9.1	14.1	14.9	12.8	7.3	28.5	10
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	10.0	7.1	14.4	8.5	10.0	8.3	41.9	21

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	12.9	11.2	15.9	10.2	10.4	7.7	31.6	10
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	19.4	6.9	13.2	9.2	13.5	5.6	31.9	11
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	3.6	3.6	17.9	9.1	10.7	6.7	48.4	28
Nursing assistants	100.0	14.4	14.9	19.6	10.3	7.7	6.2	26.3	6
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	43.9	5.7	14.6	4.9	4.9	7.3	18.7	3
Registered nurses	100.0	14.8	8.7	18.3	11.3	13.9	7.8	25.2	9
Light truck or delivery services drivers	100.0	1.8	6.3	8.1	5.4	11.7	13.5	54.1	34
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	100.0		9.0	8.0	5.0		2.0	75.0	99
Stock clerks and order fillers	100.0	19.2	13.1	21.2	9.1	12.1	4.0	21.2	5
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	10.3	13.4	12.4	10.3	9.3	6.2	38.1	13
Food preparation workers	100.0	13.3	15.6	12.2	6.7	6.7	37.8	8.9	11
Retail salespersons	100.0	27.4	9.5	14.3	6.0	4.8	10.7	25.0	5
Construction laborers	100.0	3.7	2.4	47.6	7.3	9.8	6.1	24.4	5
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	100.0	7.5	3.8	6.3	26.3	7.5	3.8	46.3	21
Personal care aides	100.0	13.3	6.7	18.7	12.0	9.3	9.3	30.7	10
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	100.0	14.3		17.9	8.9	14.3	14.3	25.0	16
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	7.8	19.6	23.5	9.8	17.6	3.9	17.6	5
Tailors, dressmakers, and custom sewers	100.0								13
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	100.0	18.8	20.8	8.3		6.3	22.9	20.8	14
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	100.0	13.0	26.1	23.9			13.0	19.6	4
Receptionists and information clerks	100.0		90.2						2
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers	100.0	12.2	12.2	14.6	22.0	24.4		17.1	7
Security guards	100.0		7.5	22.5	7.5	12.5	10.0	37.5	
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	100.0			17.9				74.4	180
Residential advisors	100.0							100.0	55
First-line supervisors of helpers, laborers, and material movers, hand	100.0		18.9	10.8			10.8	43.2	27
Driver/sales workers	100.0	10.8		32.4	5.4		13.5	37.8	22

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major industry sector and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Industry Sector	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Private Industry ^{2,3,4}	100.0	12.9	11.2	15.9	10.2	10.4	7.7	31.6	10
Goods producing	100.0	12.4	8.6	17.0	7.9	10.0	8.0	36.1	14
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	8.4	20.5	19.3	9.6	10.8	6.0	25.3	6
Construction	100.0	6.3	6.6	22.1	4.6	6.8	7.1	46.4	28
Manufacturing	100.0	16.1	8.3	14.0	9.4	11.5	8.8	31.9	12
Service providing	100.0	13.1	12.1	15.5	11.1	10.5	7.6	30.0	10
Trade transportation and utilities	100.0	12.5	9.4	13.8	10.5	11.9	7.3	34.7	14
Information	100.0	26.3	7.9	18.4	5.3	7.9	7.9	26.3	5
Financial activities	100.0	40.3	9.2	6.7	17.6	6.7	7.6	11.8	3
Professional and business services	100.0	7.8	14.9	13.2	10.5	8.6	5.7	39.2	13
Educational and health services	100.0	13.0	13.3	19.1	9.7	11.6	6.6	26.9	7
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	10.9	20.4	16.9	15.1	5.6	13.6	17.5	6
Other services except public administration	100.0	12.2		17.1	17.1	9.8	9.8	30.5	10

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and

reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					S	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administratioir
Total	43,540	11,440	830	3,660	6,950	32,100	12,920	380	1,190	3,700	9,710	3,380	820	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	1,590	350	40		300	1,240	720			110	300	90		
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	5,640	1,580	100	490	990	4,060	1,680	20	70	600	1,520	140		·
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	14,200	3,700	260	1,610	1,830	10,500	4,660	190	650	1,210	2,790	770	230	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	8,830	2,930	180	1,200	1,550	5,900	2,490	80	100	360		630	260	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	4,610	690	20	50	620	3,920	1,380	30	50	310		710	90	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	2,510	570	50	50	470	1,950	720			50		310		
Not reported	6,150	1,610	170	250	1,190	4,540	1,270	50	300	1,040		740	180	
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	330	60			50	270	60				160	30		. <u> </u>
Less than 1 hour	5,010	920	40	250	630	4,100	1,590	100	80	570	1,090	560	110	
1 - 2 hours	4,840	910	20	260	640	3,930	1,880	40	190	440		360	40	
2 - 4 hours	9,890	2,630	60	1,200	1,380	7,260	2,950	60	410	620		860	50	
4 - 6 hours	6,930	2,140	130	930	1,080	4,790	2,170	70	90	490		400	160	
6 - 8 hours	5,920	1,970	120	490	1,360	3,950	1,330	40	40	310		170	190	
8 - 10 hours	2,560	830	110	250	480	1,730	850			70		100	90	
10 - 12 hours	880	110			100	760	380			50		50		
12 - 16 hours	370	50			40	320	110			90	100			
More than 16 hours	20					20								
Not reported	6,780	1,810	350	250	1,200	4,980	1,600	50	300	1,040	970	830	180	
Day of week:														
Sunday	2,900	280	20		230	2,620	990			190	780	610		·
Monday	8,770	2,840	180	1,110	1,550	5,930	3,080	40	40	830	1,520	210	220	
Tuesday	8,240	2,140	130	720	1,290	6,110	2,800	90	220	660		500	110	
Wednesday	7,440	1,970	170	490	1,310	5,470	1,800	90	450	630		800	110	
Thursday	6,910	2,120	140	760	1,220	4,790	1,610	100	150	320		380	150	
Friday	6,220	1,510	60	380	1,070	4,700	1,740	30	260	890		420	180	
Saturday	3,050	580	130	170	280	2,480	910	30	40	170		460	40	

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration grequirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					S	Service providing)			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	3.7	3.1	4.8		4.3	3.9	5.6			3.0	3.1	2.7		
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	13.0	13.8	12.0	13.4	14.2	12.6	13.0	5.3	5.9	16.2	15.7	4.1		
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	32.6	32.3	31.3	44.0	26.3	32.7	36.1	50.0	54.6	32.7	28.7	22.8	28.0	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	20.3	25.6	21.7	32.8	22.3	18.4	19.3	21.1	8.4	9.7	20.2	18.6	31.7	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	10.6	6.0	2.4	1.4	8.9	12.2	10.7	7.9	4.2	8.4	13.9	21.0	11.0	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.8	5.0	6.0	1.4	6.8	6.1	5.6			1.4	8.5	9.2		
Not reported	14.1	14.1	20.5	6.8	17.1	14.1	9.8	13.2	25.2	28.1	9.9	21.9	22.0	
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	.8	.5			.7	.8	.5				1.6	.9		
Less than 1 hour	11.5	8.0	4.8	6.8	9.1	12.8	12.3	26.3	6.7	15.4	11.2	16.6	13.4	
1 - 2 hours	11.1	8.0	2.4	7.1	9.2	12.2	14.6	10.5	16.0	11.9	10.1	10.7	4.9	
2 - 4 hours	22.7	23.0	7.2	32.8	19.9	22.6	22.8	15.8	34.5	16.8	23.8	25.4	6.1	
4 - 6 hours	15.9	18.7	15.7	25.4	15.5	14.9	16.8	18.4	7.6	13.2	14.4	11.8	19.5	
6 - 8 hours	13.6	17.2	14.5	13.4	19.6	12.3	10.3	10.5	3.4	8.4	19.3	5.0	23.2	
8 - 10 hours	5.9	7.3	13.3	6.8	6.9	5.4	6.6			1.9	6.0	3.0	11.0	
10 - 12 hours	2.0	1.0			1.4	2.4	2.9			1.4	2.5	1.5		
12 - 16 hours	.8	.4			.6	1.0	.9			2.4	1.0			
More than 16 hours						.1								
Not reported	15.6	15.8	42.2	6.8	17.3	15.5	12.4	13.2	25.2	28.1	10.0	24.6	22.0	
Day of week:														
Sunday	6.7	2.4	2.4		3.3	8.2	7.7			5.1	8.0	18.0		
Monday	20.1	24.8	21.7	30.3	22.3	18.5	23.8	10.5	3.4	22.4		6.2		
Tuesday	18.9	18.7	15.7	19.7	18.6	19.0	21.7	23.7	18.5	17.8		14.8		
Wednesday	17.1	17.2	20.5	13.4	18.8	17.0	13.9	23.7	37.8	17.0	16.4	23.7		
Thursday	15.9	18.5	16.9	20.8	17.6	14.9	12.5	26.3	12.6	8.6	21.4	11.2	18.3	
Friday	14.3	13.2	7.2	10.4	15.4	14.6	13.5	7.9	21.8	24.1		12.4	22.0	
Saturday	7.0	5.1	15.7	4.6	4.0	7.7	7.0		3.4					

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do

not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	12.9	11.2	15.9	10.2	10.4	7.7	31.6	10
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00AM	100.0	11.3	10.1	10.1	8.2	5.7	8.8	46.5	27
4:01AM - 8:00AM	100.0	10.6	7.4	11.3	7.8	12.2	7.8	42.6	21
8:01AM - 12noon	100.0	14.0	11.4	17.5	9.8	9.8	6.5	30.9	9
12:01PM - 4:00PM	100.0	13.3	10.8	19.6	8.9	8.6	7.4	31.4	9
4:01PM - 8:00PM	100.0	12.1	12.8	14.5	9.3	12.6	12.4	26.7	11
8:01PM - 12midnight	100.0	16.3	10.4	19.5	10.0	9.6	7.2	27.1	7
Time not reported	100.0	11.7	14.3	12.7	16.7	12.4	7.3	24.9	10
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	21.2	6.1	15.2	9.1	18.2	6.1	24.2	10
Less than 1 hour	100.0	12.8	7.0	10.8	9.6	7.6	13.0	39.1	24
1 - 2 hours	100.0	8.9	13.0	14.0	11.6	14.0	9.5	29.1	13
2 - 4 hours	100.0	13.2	12.4	21.2	9.8	8.7	6.6	28.0	7
4 - 6 hours	100.0	14.3	9.1	16.9	8.1	9.7	6.1	35.9	12
6 - 8 hours	100.0	14.4	11.0	17.6	9.5	10.5	5.2	32.1	9
8 - 10 hours	100.0	13.7	12.1	15.6	5.5	12.1	10.2	30.9	12
10 - 12 hours	100.0	12.5	10.2	9.1	5.7	11.4	10.2	39.8	20
12 - 16 hours	100.0	13.5	8.1	13.5	5.4	5.4	8.1	45.9	27
More than 16 hours	100.0								2
Hours not reported	100.0	12.4	13.6	12.1	16.1	11.9	7.2	26.8	10
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	6.9	13.4	12.1	14.5	7.2	9.3	36.2	14
Monday	100.0	11.2	9.1	13.9	11.5	8.2	6.8	39.2	14
Tuesday	100.0	16.3	8.1	16.4	10.7	13.6	7.8	27.2	9
Wednesday	100.0	15.5	11.4	14.9	7.8	10.9	11.2	28.5	11
Thursday	100.0	13.3	11.1	19.5	6.7	10.0	5.5	33.7	10
Friday	100.0	10.6	14.3	15.8	13.3	9.8	6.8	29.4	8
Saturday	100.0	12.1	16.4	19.0	9.2	11.8	7.5	24.3	7

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data e SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occu	exclusion of non	classifiable resp	onses, data may			November 09, 2	016		

Table 15. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

									Part of body aff	ected by the inj	ury or illness ³							
		He	ad		Tru	nk		U	pper extremitie	5			Lower ex	xtremities				
Characteristic	Private industry	Total	Eyes	Neck	Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot	Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
Total	106.1	10.7	2.2	1.5	23.4	17.2	33.6	9.9	5.2	14.1	3.0	24.6	8.2	6.1	4.9	1.6	9.4	1.2
Gender:																		
Male	123.1	13.8	3.4	1.3	28.9	20.7	41.2	12.2	6.3	18.9	2.5	28.2	8.6	5.8	6.4	1.1	7.9	.7
Female	84.4	6.9	.8	1.7	16.7	13.0	24.3	7.1	3.8	8.0	3.8	20.3	7.8	6.4	3.0	2.2	11.6	.7
Age:																		
14 - 15																		
16 - 19	106.2	10.0	2.0		17.6	16.5	43.6	10.3	3.4	27.8		29.6	7.2	6.9	10.7		3.7	
20 - 24	102.3	11.4	4.1		24.0	19.2	39.3	5.2	1.7	28.9	2.5	21.9	9.0	4.9	6.1	.9	4.0	.7
25 - 34	99.2	11.3	3.0	1.0	23.8	19.6	25.9	7.7	3.8	10.7	2.2	26.2	6.2	6.6	7.4	3.8	6.8	.5
35 - 44	111.0	13.9	2.6	1.4	23.8	19.2	36.2	10.7	3.5	16.5	3.8	20.0	6.3	5.7	3.8	.7	14.9	
45 - 54	110.4	7.0	1.3	2.4	23.2	14.6	35.9	9.9	9.8	11.2	3.4	29.8	8.9	9.9	3.4	1.3	10.2	.7
55 - 64	109.6	12.2	1.5	2.0	24.3	15.7	34.2	15.9	5.5	8.8	2.9	25.2	12.7	2.6	4.7	1.2	9.1	1.3
65 and over	89.2	8.9	1.1		25.4	16.8	24.3	6.2	4.4	8.3	3.9	16.9	6.8	2.8	1.7		11.4	.9
Major occupational group:																		
Management occupations	43.5	2.4		2.9	5.9	3.5	10.3	6.3		2.0	1.1	8.7	5.0	1.3	.9		12.3	.8
Business and financial operations occupations	11.4	1.7			3.0	.7	2.1			1.0		1.8		1.2			2.8	
Computer and mathematical occupations	4.5																	
Architecture and engineering occupations	68.5	5.5			44.0	43.9	6.2	5.0				12.7						
Life, physical, and social science occupations	25.9				4.4	4.4	5.8					8.9						
Community and social service occupations	89.2	8.5	2.4		9.6	6.9	13.6	4.0	5.0			35.7	3.0	20.4			20.3	
Legal occupations	61.6																10.8	
Education, training, and library occupations	31.3	5.0			3.0	2.1	13.2	7.6	4.9			7.2	3.6				2.5	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	56.4	14.9			8.9		9.9					19.3	6.6					
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	84.3	6.4	.6	1.5	24.2	20.0	21.2	6.8	2.5		2.3	16.7	7.6		2.8	2.0		
Healthcare support occupations	194.6	11.3		8.7	58.7	49.2	54.1	17.9	6.6	13.1	10.2	41.4	19.7		6.1		18.2	
Protective service occupations	158.9	32.3			26.9	18.5	22.9	5.6	8.8	6.5		58.6	20.4		16.7		13.5	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	88.4	6.8	.9		7.6	5.5	49.1	2.3	4.7	38.2	2.7	19.5	6.9		5.6		2.9	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	171.2	22.7	7.0		44.9	31.9	47.4	14.8		21.4	4.4	39.0	10.3		9.0		12.7	
Personal care and service occupations	125.8	10.7		1.1	36.4	15.1	16.8	9.2	2.2	2.9	1.4	49.9	10.2		3.1		9.9	
Sales and related occupations	53.9	5.5		.6	14.9	11.0	13.0	3.3	2.6	4.8	.6	11.2	6.0		1.6		2.5	
Office and administrative support occupations	44.6	2.0	.3	.9	8.3	6.2	12.7	2.3	.9	6.3	2.7	10.4	4.5		2.3	.8	9.0	.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	285.1	18.6			87.2	32.7	74.9			45.4		62.8	17.4				33.2	-
Construction and extraction occupations	191.4	8.5 35.4	4.2	3.6	53.9 38.9	41.1	62.5	14.0	25.4 12.5	19.5 30.2	3.0	49.0	9.1		22.6	2.6	11.3 9.6	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	205.1	35.4 14.6	9.8 7.1	1.6	38.9 29.6	29.0	76.6	29.3	12.5 9.0		4.3	41.7 28.5	14.6 9.8		5.2			
Production occupations	159.0			.6		19.3	66.8	13.9			8.3						16.5	
Transportation and material moving occupations	247.5	33.4	4.3	3.4	51.0	39.9	76.5	30.5	11.0	27.1	4.3	63.5	20.6	11.7	11.6	1.3	16.5	1.8

 1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

= number of injuries and illnesses Ν

EH total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

20,000,000

50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction. ³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 16. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

									Nature of in	jury or illness ³							
				Cuts,	lacerations, pund	tures							Mult	tiple traumatic in	juries		
Characteristic	Private industry	Sprains, strains	Fractures	Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures	Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Total	with fractures	with sprains	Soreness Pain	All other natures
Total	106.1	40.9	10.0	10.5	9.8	.7	9.3	2.1	.2	.4	.6	.3	2.8	.7	1.0	10.7	18.
Gender:																	
Male	123.1	43.5	13.1	16.5	15.3	1.2	8.2	2.6	.3	.7	.4	.4	3.1	1.0	.8	12.0	22.
Female	84.4	38.1	6.3	3.2	3.0	.2	10.7	1.4	.2		.8	.1	2.5	.2	1.3	9.2	11.
Age:																	
Age. 14 - 15								-									
14 - 15	106.2	37.1	4.5		12.3		9.0	9.1								13.7	18.
20 - 24	100.2	28.0	4.5	22.1	12.5	2.6	9.0	2.9					1.2			15.7	10.
25 - 34	99.2	40.6	9.9	9.2	8.3	2.0	9.3	2.9					2.1		_	9.3	19.
35 - 44	111.0	46.8	5.5	9.2 13.8		.9	9.5	4.3		.2			3.2	.2		9.3	10.
45 - 54	111.0	40.0	8.7	10.5	10.2	.0	10.1	4.3	.2		1.3	+. c	2.5		1.4	10.3	17.
55 - 64	10.4	47.1	16.2	3.3			9.3	./	 c	1.0	1.3	.2	4.1		1.2		
		42.5	26.8	4.8	47	.2	9.3 7.4	./		1.0	./	.0	5.7	1.1	3.2		13.
65 and over	89.2	20.1	20.8	4.0	4.7		7.4			1.2			5.7	1.1	. 3.2	9.1	15.
Major occupational group:																	
Management occupations	43.5	11.5	3.3	2.1	1.3		4.4	2.6								7.7	8.
Business and financial operations occupations	11.4	1.4	4.1													3.9	
Computer and mathematical occupations	4.5	1.7														1.5	-
Architecture and engineering occupations	68.5	48.1	12.3														5.
Life, physical, and social science occupations	25.9	14.8															-
Community and social service occupations	89.2	34.1	9.4				19.1									17.8	6.
Legal occupations	61.6																-
Education, training, and library occupations	31.3	11.5					4.6									3.5	9.
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	56.4	18.6														6.5	24.
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	84.3	39.2	9.5	2.1	1.3	.8	12.2	.6					2.5		1.4	6.5	11.
Healthcare support occupations	194.6	111.5	7.0	2.1	1.6		21.3						3.8		3.0	22.0	25.
Protective service occupations	158.9	60.3	18.7	4.5	4.5		20.9								·	14.1	37.
Food preparation and serving related occupations	88.4	14.1	5.2	29.6			10.8	10.7					1.3		·	10.3	5.
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	171.2	61.3	17.5	14.2	13.2		11.9		2.0				9.4		2.5	13.4	40.
Personal care and service occupations	125.8	72.1	5.1	1.2	1.2		11.8	1.1					2.3		1.6	7.7	24.
Sales and related occupations	53.9	22.4	3.3	3.1	2.9		5.3						.5		·	7.1	11.
Office and administrative support occupations	44.6	22.2	3.4	2.6	2.0	.6	4.4	.3			.9		1.7		1.2	3.0	6.
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	285.1	78.2	24.3	44.5	44.5		54.3								·	24.7	47.
Construction and extraction occupations	191.4	54.7	30.5	30.1	30.0		17.0						1.8	1.4		13.2	43.
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	205.1	70.3	25.3	19.4	19.0		9.9			1.2	1.1		3.5	.8	1.8	29.2	44.
Production occupations	159.0	43.9	12.9	25.7	21.9	3.9	9.7	9.6	.7	1.8	3.1	.8	5.4			16.7	28.
Transportation and material moving occupations	247.5	105.9	26.3	24.0	22.6	1.3	19.3	1.7	.5	1.7	.4	.4	9.4		2.5	22.6	35.

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

 N
 =
 number of injuries and illnesses

 EH
 =
 total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

 20,000,000
 =
 base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 17. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

							Sour	ce of injury or ill	Iness ³					
Characteristic	Private industry	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total	106.1	.8	10.9	3.8	8.0	7.1	8.1	6.8	14.7	13.4	19.4	7.2	10.4	13.0
Gender:														
Male	123.1	1.1	12.3	4.4	12.0	11.7	3.0	2.0	16.5	15.4	17.1	11.9	13.8	14.8
Female	84.4	.5	9.4	3.1	3.0		14.8	13.1	12.7	10.9	22.6	1.2	5.9	9.3
Age:														
14 - 15														
16 - 19	106.2		11.2	2.2	4.2	2.9	8.3	7.5	19.6	19.4	10.3	13.7	4.7	24.0
20 - 24	100.2	1.5	17.4	3.4	6.6	6.8		7.1	11.7				5.2	10.4
25 - 34	99.2	1.5	9.6	3.5	4.9	7.5		8.5	14.6				9.2	16.5
35 - 44	111.0	.0	10.1	3.1	14.8	6.8		7.2	12.3				14.1	13.5
45 - 54	111.0	.0	10.1	5.8	5.3	8.8		7.2	18.5	15.8		3.0	11.0	11.7
55 - 64	110.4	.0	9.7	3.8	10.1	7.1		4.2	15.4	15.3		3.5	9.2	9.3
65 and over	89.2		3.8	1.2	4.0	3.1	2.6	2.2	9.1				10.5	5.5
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations	43.5		3.6	1.9		1.1	2.1	1.6	7.0	7.0	7.1	2.9	7.0	9.9
	11.4		5.0	1.9		1.1	1.4	1.0	1.1				2.9	1.0
Business and financial operations occupations							1.4		1.1	1.1			2.9	1.0
Computer and mathematical occupations	4.5 68.5										2.9 9.6			 44.2
Architecture and engineering occupations	25.9										6.3			11.2
Life, physical, and social science occupations									10.0					4.5
Community and social service occupations	89.2						41.8	38.8	10.0	9.8	14.0		16.8	4.5
Legal occupations	61.6										10.2			
Education, training, and library occupations	31.3						14.0	2.2	4.1					
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	56.4						22.5		4.2					18.9
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	84.3	./	2.9	2.6	2.0		27.9	27.0	8.1				4.2	9.9
Healthcare support occupations	194.6		3.5	9.6	1.7		94.8	91.8	24.1				9.8	17.5
Protective service occupations	158.9		8.3	9.1			25.5	6.7	20.3				21.9	14.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations	88.4	.7	18.2	1.9	9.0	1.0			8.7	8.6			1.5	11.1
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	171.2	5.9	22.9	12.4	10.9	10.2			21.4			14.1	9.0	28.6
Personal care and service occupations	125.8			2.8			23.7	19.7	32.5				5.9	13.3
Sales and related occupations	53.9		11.1	1.6	5.9				11.7				6.5	2.5
Office and administrative support occupations	44.6	.4	9.5	1.3	.8	1.3			6.6	6.5			4.8	3.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	285.1		21.1		41.6				42.2					88.7
Construction and extraction occupations	191.4		6.2	21.7	9.0	36.5			18.6				5.6	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	205.1	.9	5.6	2.7	35.1	23.8			37.8				19.6	23.7
Production occupations	159.0	2.5	17.6	3.0	31.8	21.2			28.0	27.9			8.7	22.4
Transportation and material moving occupations	247.5	1.2	39.5	7.3	11.1	18.2	1.4	1	27.8	27.4	44.8	16.0	52.7	19.6

							Sour	ce of injury or il	Iness ³					
Characteristic	Private industry	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time Iculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where N = number of injuries and illnesses EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar y 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 4 0 weeks per year). Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed	year 40 hours per w or without job by the U.S. Bu	eek, transfer or restr reau of Labor Sta	atistics.	not sum to the										

Table 18. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2015

	Private industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ¹																			
Characteristic		Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips				Overexertion			Transpor		on accidents		Violence and other injur		ries by persons or animal		
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Total	Roadway accidents	Fires and explosions	Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—unint entional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents	All other events
Total	106.1	30.4	17.8	6.9	4.8	28.0	6.3	17.2	3.3	34.4	9.0	1.7	3.9	3.7	2.6	.2	4.7	2.4	1.2	1.1	8
Gender:																					
Male	123.1	42.0	25.2	8.4	7.2	28.9	9.8	14.0	3.8	39.7	10.9	1.5	5.0	4.2	2.8	.2	2.8	1.1	.7	1.0	.:
Female	84.4	16.1	8.7	5.1	1.6	27.3	1.9	21.5	2.8	27.9	6.7	2.0	2.6	3.0	2.4		7.2	4.1	1.9	1.2	
Age: 14 - 15 16 - 19 20 - 24	 106.2 102.3	 34.4 44.5	 22.5 24.5		 8.7 7.1	 24.2 13.9	 8.3 2.5	 11.2 6.2	 4.7 4.0	 21.6 31.7	 4.0 6.5		 12.6 5.3	 2.0 1.6	 .5		 11.1 5.1	 3.2 2.9	 3.4 1.4		
25 - 34	99.2	33.1	20.1	8.8	3.3	17.3	3.3	10.0	3.6	35.3	8.3	.9	3.2	3.0	1.7	.4	6.8	3.2	2.5	1.1	-
35 - 44	111.0	35.3	21.0	8.5	4.8	24.2	4.8	16.8	2.3	36.3	11.9	1.3	6.6	4.5	3.9		4.0	2.5	.7	.8	
45 - 54	110.4	26.8	15.5	6.8	3.4	31.9	6.8	19.4	3.7	39.0	9.9	2.8	3.0	4.6	2.9	.2	4.5	2.5	.9	1.1	
55 - 64	109.6	22.4	12.0	2.7	7.2	42.5	9.9	26.4	3.6	34.9	9.1	2.6	2.1	3.9	3.3		3.6	1.6	.7	1.2	-
65 and over	89.2	11.6	6.0	3.2	2.3	55.6	18.3	34.2	2.1	15.8	3.8	1.2	1.3	3.7	3.1		1.0		-	-	-
Major occupational group: Management occupations Business and financial operations occupations Computer and mathematical occupations Architecture and engineering occupations Life, physical, and social science occupations Legal occupations Education, training, and ibrary occupations Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations Protective service occupations Food preparation and serving related occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Partice and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Sales and related occupations Form of the administrative support occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Transportation and material moving occupations	43.5 11.4 4,5 68.5 25.9 89.2 61.6 31.3 56.4 84.3 158.9 88.4 171.2 125.8 53.9 44.6 285.1 191.4 205.1 191.4 205.1	7.3 1.1 	4.8 			9.3 5.1 3.3 3.22.5 8.3 3.24.4 2.4 9.5 11.9 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.6 6.8 2.3.2 50.7 50.1 14.6 16.4 4.9 3.5 38.1 35.1 2.2.6 68.9	2.0 2.4 1.5 13.0 - - - - 2.9 5.4 1.6 12.1. 3.1 1.6 7, 7 50,9 20.3 252 3.7 21.1	5.9 2.7 1.9 9.0 6.3 22.0 9.1 4.5 51.4 15.1 25.4 42.3 10.8 14.0.8 14.0.1 12.6.6 19.2 19.2 13.1 13.8.6		15.2 - - 45.2 10.0 6.0 - - 93.1 25.9 12.5 56.6 47.0 22.8 14.7 32.3 64.9 64.1 56.1 77.2	5.0. 		3.3 	7.0 2.6 	6.7 2.6 		1.5 1.4 	22.2			

calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

 N
 =
 number of injuries and illnesses

 EH
 =
 total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

 20,000,000
 =
 base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.