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## Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

			Goods p	producing					:	Service providing	J			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration
Total	39,840	9,510	600	2,560	6,350	30,330	12,810	200	400	2,150	10,010	2,940	1,810	-
Gender:														
Male	22,940	8,190	490	2,480	5,220	14,750	8,870	120	310	1,190	1,900	1,250	1,100	-
Female	16,670	1,320		80	1,140	15,350	3,710		100					
Age:														
14 to 15														-
16 to 19	970	260	70	70	120	710	340				130	220		-
20 to 24	4,200	760	70	230	460	3,440	1,320			170	700	470		-
25 to 34	7,530	1,790	120	450	1,220	5,740	2,610		80	510	1,750	510		
35 to 44	7,080	1,940	120	600	1,220	5,150	2,260	30	100	470	1,750	410	130	-
45 to 54	9,520	2,300	130	550	1,620	7,220	2,820	40	180	330	2,680	700	480	-
55 to 64	8,330	2,130	50	620	1,460	6,200	2,880	40	30	520	2,150	400		
65 and over	2,050	320	30	40	240	1,730	550			110	840	190		-
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	3,960	1,110	160	250	710	2,850	1,130			270	720	470	240	-
3 to 11 months	8,170	1,980	100	740	1,150	6,190	2,640	50	120	600	1,680	700	400	-
1 to 5 years	13,610	2,750	180	710	1,860	10,860	4,770	30	120	580	3,770	990	610	-
More than 5 years	13,750	3,660	160	860	2,640	10,090	4,030	110	160	710	3,780	740	570	-
Race or ethnic origin <sup>5</sup> :														
White only	18,960	5,740	180	1,650	3,910	13,230	5,600	80	110	700	4,540	1,130	1,070	-
Black only	2,610	260		40	220	2,350	710		130					-
Hispanic or Latino only	1,750	770	140	50	570	990	370			70				-
Asian only	500	330			50	170	30				60	70		-
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only														
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	190					190								
Hispanic or Latino and other race														-
Multi-race	80					80								-
Not reported	15,740	2,410	270	540	1,600	13,330	5,920	120	150	1,210	4,000	1,320	600	-

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its record keeping requirements effective

January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>5</sup> Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

## Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

			Goods p	roducing					5	Service providing	I			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Gender:														
Male	57.6	86.1	81.7	96.9	82.2	48.6	69.2	60.0	77.5	55.3	19.0	42.5	60.8	
Female	41.8	13.9	16.7	3.1	18.0	50.6		40.0	25.0	44.7				
Age:														
14 to 15														
16 to 19	2.4	2.7	11.7	2.7	1.9	2.3	2.7				1.3	7.5		
20 to 24	10.5	8.0	11.7	9.0	7.2	11.3	10.3			7.9		16.0		
25 to 34	18.9	18.8	20.0	17.6	19.2	18.9	20.4	35.0	20.0	23.7	17.5	17.3		
35 to 44	17.8	20.4	20.0	23.4	19.2	10.5	17.6	15.0	25.0	23.7				
45 to 54	23.9	24.2	20.0	21.5	25.5	23.8	22.0	20.0	45.0	15.3		23.8		
55 to 64	20.9	22.4	8.3	24.2	23.0	20.4	22.5	20.0	7.5	24.2		13.6		
65 and over	5.1	3.4	5.0	1.6	3.8	5.7	4.3			5.1	8.4	6.5		
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	9.9	11.7	26.7	9.8	11.2	9.4	8.8			12.6	7.2	16.0	13.3	
3 to 11 months	20.5	20.8	16.7	28.9	18.1	20.4	20.6	25.0	30.0	27.9		23.8		
1 to 5 years	34.2	28.9	30.0	27.7	29.3	35.8	37.2	15.0	30.0	27.0		33.7		
More than 5 years	34.5	38.5	26.7	33.6	41.6	33.3	31.5	55.0	40.0	33.0				
Race or ethnic origin <sup>5</sup> :														
White only	47.6	60.4	30.0	64.5	61.6	43.6	43.7	40.0	27.5	32.6	45.4	38.4	59.1	
Black only	6.6	2.7		1.6	3.5	7.7	5.5		32.5	7.4		7.1		
Hispanic or Latino only	4.4	8.1	23.3	2.0	9.0	3.3	2.9			3.3		7.1		
Asian only	1.3	3.5			.8	.6	.2				.6	2.4		
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only														
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	.5					.6								
Hispanic or Latino and other race														
Multi-race	.2					.3								
Not reported	39.5	25.3	45.0	21.1	25.2	43.9	46.2	60.0	37.5	56.3	40.0	44.9	33.1	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective

January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>5</sup> Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	producing					:	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration
Total	39,840	9,510	600	2,560	6,350	30,330	12,810	200	400	2,150	10,010	2,940	1,810	
Management occupations	1,090	370		310	60	720	100		110	30	310	170		
Business and financial operations occupations	200	40				150				20	100			
Computer and mathematical occupations	90					90					50			
Architecture and engineering occupations	70	20			20	50				40				
Life, physical, and social science occupations	120	30			30	90				40	40			
Community and social service occupations	430					430					400			
Legal occupations														
Education, training, and library occupations	1,000					1,000					990			
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	120	30			30	90		40				30		
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	2,750					2,750				160	2,550			
Healthcare support occupations	2,150					2,150				40	2,110			
Protective service occupations	400					400	50			150	110	90		
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,300	40			40	2,260	340			60	270	1,600		
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	2,130	70			70	2,060	80			890	550	440		
Personal care and service occupations	2,330					2,330	60			30	1,440	200	580	
Sales and related occupations	3,010	20				2,990	2,860	40		40	20	30		
Office and administrative support occupations	2,540	260			250	2,280	1,610		70	70	490	20		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	280	280	270											
Construction and extraction occupations	2,810	2,270	160	1,890	230	540	400			50	80			
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	3,220	660	50	220	390	2,560	1,230	40	180	100	150	120	730	
Production occupations	4,420	3,820	30	60	3,730	600	310			60	80	30	110	
Transportation and material moving occupations	8,360	1,600	80	40	1,480	6,770	5,750			340	220	190	250	

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	producing						Service providing	9			
Occupation	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration
Total	39,840	9,510	600	2,560	6,350	30,330	12,810	200	400	2,150	10,010	2,940	1,810	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	3,110	920			920	2,180	2,000			40	50	70		
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	2,490	250	30	40	190	2,230	2,030			40	70			
Retail salespersons	1,450					1,450	1,440							
Nursing assistants	1,430					1,430					1,430			
Stock clerks and order fillers	1,200	60			60	1,140	1,120							
Registered nurses	980					980					970			
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	920					920	890							
Personal care aides	880					880					880			
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	830	70			70	760	70			370	170	120		
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	790					780	440						320	
Maintenance and repair workers, general	790	200			200	600	190		170	40	100	30		
Construction laborers	780	740		670	70	40				. 30				
Light truck or delivery services drivers	760	20			20	740	650							
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	640					640				. 90	330	220		
Food preparation workers	550	40			40	510	290				30	190		
Nonfarm animal caretakers	510					510				30		30	410	
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	490					490				360	30	90		
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	470	370		340	30	100	60				30			
Packers and packagers, hand	420	190			180	230	200			40				
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	400					400				·		390		
Carpenters	390	200		170	30	190	180			·				
First-line supervisors of personal service workers	370					370				·	370			
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	330					330				·	330			
Parts salespersons	320					320	320			·				
Home health aides	310					310					310			
Teacher assistants	310					310				·	310			

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

# Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

			Goods p	roducing					5	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	39,840	9,510	600	2,560	6,350	30,330	12,810	200	400	2,150	10,010	2,940	1,810	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	3,690	1,530	130	600	810	2,150	1,040		30			290		
Sprains, strains, tears	14,550	2,710	200	530	1,980	11,840	5,040	60	120	580	4,160	1,100	800	
Amputations	240	180			150	60	30					20		
Bruise, contusions Chemical burns and corrosions	4,450 290	590 190	90 20	110 80	400 90	3,860 90	2,090			220 60		210		
Heat (thermal) burns	580	190	20	00	90 110	90 430	30			60	70	 330		
Soreness, pain	5,400	940	40	280	620	4,460	1,620	50	100	300		330		
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	4,010	1,220	20	520	680	2,790	810		110			330	850	
Cuts, lacerations	3,120	1,020	20	450	560	2,100	790		110			320	470	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	890	190		70	130	690	20			180			380	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	250	150			140	100	20				60			
Tendonitis	40					30								
Multiple traumatic injuries	1,070	130			120	930	280			50	490	90		
With sprains and other injuries	580	60			60	510	130				330			
With fractures and other injuries	90	20				80	40				30			
Part of body affected:														
Head	3,560	840	50	190	590	2,720	900	50	100	170	1,190	280		
Eye	1,150	350		60	280	800	230			40	490	30		
Neck	420	70		40	30	350	190				130	20		
Trunk	8,600	2,180	100	820	1,260	6,420	2,870		110	240	2,210	750	230	
Back	5,670	1,070	60	330	690	4,590	1,860		90			520	110	
Upper extremities	13,470	3,710	190	760	2,760	9,760	4,060	40	50			950	1,300	
Shoulder	2,960	720	90	110	530	2,240	1,240			90		160	130	
Arm	1,670	460	40	80	340	1,210	620			80		160		
Wrist	2,450	410		30	380	2,040	670			120		110	670	
Hand	5,830	2,020	60	530	1,430	3,810	1,390			500		430	480	
Lower extremities	9,460	1,940	240	420	1,290	7,520	3,800	70				760	150	
Knee	3,120	660	40	110	510	2,460	1,250		30			180		
Ankle Foot	1,960 2,220	370 500	100	70 150	200 340	1,590 1,720	670 1,100			70 160		180 160		
Toe, toenail	390	120		150	90	270	1,100			60		50		
Body systems	480	70			30 70	400	50			50		40		
Multiple	3,400	670	20	320	330	2,730	670	30	30			150		
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	760	330	30	140	160	430	80			120	200	40		
Containers	4,480	980	20	80	880	3,500	2,410		90			350		
Furniture, fixtures	1,710	240		140	100	1,470	750			100		110		
Machinery	2,140	1,110	50	150	910		540			80		180		
Parts and materials	3,170	1,500	50	370	1,080	1,670	980			70	130	100	380	
Person, injured or ill worker	4,850	1,190	60	260	880	3,660	1,630	50	80	160	1,250	350	140	
Worker motion or position	4,720	1,180	60	260	860	3,550	1,580	50	80			340	140	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	3,560	20			20	3,540	90			40		80		
Health care patient	2,330					2,330					2,330			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	7,270	1,090	130	160	800	6,180	2,240	70	160			840	150	
Ladder	810	440	20	350	70		220			80		30		
Handtools	2,150	840	20	440	380	1,310	350			250		190	470	
Vehicles	4,250	710	50	210	450	3,540	2,400			160		120	120	
Trucks	1,090	230	30	170	30 100	860	690 220			70				
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	450	130			100	320	220				80			
I	I									l	1			l

Event or exposure:		1	1	1	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ		1		ĺ.		1
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	2,790	60	20		30	2,730	250			280	1,810	50	350	
Intentional injury by other person	1,550	20			20	1,530	70			40	1,400			
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	360					360					340			
Animal and insect related incidents	880	40	20			840	170			230	60	30	350	
Transportation incidents	1,730	240		140	100	1,490	690			110	550	100		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	1,120	130		110		990	350			30	510	60		
Fires and explosions	20													
Falls, slips, trips	10,960	2,270	210	820	1,240	8,690	3,590	120	160	660	2,830	1,080	250	
Slips, trips without fall	1,330	280	40	50	190	1,050	450	30		50	310	170		
Fall on same level	6,850	1,020	90	200	730	5,830	2,190	80	150	350	2,150	700	210	
Fall to lower level	2,500	900	90	570	240	1,600	810			220	360	190		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	1,720	550	30	160	360	1,170	160			130	510	370		
Contact with object, equipment	9,650	3,360	210	740	2,410	6,290	3,410	60	30	600	1,000	620	570	
Struck by object or equipment	5,390	1,770	110	540	1,130	3,620	1,770	30		470	490	390	450	
Struck against object or equipment	1,790	520	40	120	360	1,270	750	30		80	280	90		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	2,020	840	50		770	1,180	810			50	120	130		
Overexertion and bodily reaction	12,860	3,010	120	680	2,200	9,860	4,640		200	380	3,290	730	600	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	640	290			280	350	100			40	180			
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	3,990	860	40	130	690	3,130	1,860		80	160	720	290		

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<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					:	Service providing	]			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	9.3	16.1	21.7	23.4	12.8	7.1	8.1		7.5			9.9		
Sprains, strains, tears	36.5	28.5	33.3	20.7		39.0	39.3	30.0	30.0	27.0	41.6	37.4	44.2	
Amputations	.6	1.9			2.4	.2	.2					.7		
Bruise, contusions	11.2	6.2	15.0	4.3		12.7	16.3			10.2		7.1		
Chemical burns and corrosions	.7	2.0	3.3	3.1	1.4	.3				2.8				
Heat (thermal) burns Soreness, pain	1.5 13.6	1.6 9.9	6.7	 10.9	1.7 9.8	1.4 14.7	.2 12.6	25.0	25.0	 14.0	.7 20.1	11.2 11.2		
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	10.1	12.8	3.3	20.3		9.2	6.3	25.0	27.5			11.2	47.0	
Cuts, lacerations	7.8	12.0	3.3	17.6			6.2		27.5			10.9	26.0	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	2.2	2.0		2.7	2.0	2.3	.2			8.4			21.0	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.6	1.6			2.2	.3	.2				.6			
Tendonitis	.1					.1								
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.7	1.4			1.9	3.1	2.2			2.3	4.9	3.1		
With sprains and other injuries	1.5	.6			.9	1.7	1.0				3.3			
With fractures and other injuries	.2	.2				.3	.3				.3			
Part of body affected:														
Head	8.9	8.8	8.3	7.4	9.3	9.0	7.0	25.0	25.0	7.9	11.9	9.5		
Eye	2.9	3.7		2.3	4.4	2.6	1.8			1.9	4.9	1.0		
Neck	1.1	.7		1.6		1.2	1.5				1.3	.7		
Trunk	21.6	22.9	16.7	32.0		21.2	22.4		27.5			25.5	12.7	
Back	14.2	11.3	10.0	12.9		15.1	14.5		22.5	8.4		17.7	6.1	
Upper extremities	33.8	39.0	31.7	29.7	43.5	32.2	31.7	20.0	12.5	37.2		32.3	71.8	
Shoulder	7.4	7.6	15.0	4.3		7.4	9.7			4.2		5.4	7.2	
Arm	4.2	4.8	6.7	3.1	5.4	4.0				3.7		5.4		
Wrist	6.1	4.3		1.2		6.7	5.2			5.6		3.7	37.0	
Hand	14.6	21.2	10.0	20.7	22.5	12.6				23.3		14.6	26.5	
Lower extremities Knee	23.7 7.8	20.4 6.9	40.0 6.7	16.4 4.3	20.3 8.0	24.8 8.1	29.7 9.8	35.0	27.5 7.5	26.5 4.7		25.9 6.1	8.3	
Ankle	4.9	3.9	16.7	2.7		5.2	5.2		7.5	3.3		6.1		
Foot	5.6	5.3		5.9		5.7	8.6			7.4		5.4		
Toe, toenail	1.0	1.3			1.4	.9	1.1			2.8		1.7		
Body systems	1.2	.7			1.1	1.3				2.3		1.4		
Multiple	8.5	7.0	3.3	12.5		9.0	5.2	15.0	7.5			5.1		
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.9	3.5	5.0	5.5	2.5	1.4	.6			5.6	2.0	1.4		
Containers	11.2	10.3	3.3	3.1	13.9	11.5	18.8		22.5	7.0	4.3	11.9		
Furniture, fixtures	4.3	2.5		5.5			5.9			4.7		3.7		
Machinery	5.4	11.7	8.3	5.9						3.7		6.1		
Parts and materials	8.0	15.8	8.3	14.5						3.3			21.0	
Person, injured or ill worker	12.2	12.5	10.0	10.2			12.7	25.0	20.0			11.9	7.7	
Worker motion or position	11.8	12.4	10.0	10.2			12.3	25.0	20.0			11.6	7.7	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	8.9	.2			.3		.7			1.9	33.2 23.3	2.7		
Health care patient Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	5.8 18.2	 11.5	 21.7	 6.3	12.6	7.7 20.4	17.5	 35.0	40.0	 19.5		28.6	 8.3	
Ladder	2.0	4.6	3.3	6.3 13.7		20.4			40.0	3.7		28.6	0.3	
Handtools	5.4	4.0	3.3	13.7		4.3				11.6		6.5	26.0	
Vehicles	10.7	0.0 7.5	8.3	8.2		4.3				7.4		4.1	20.0	
Trucks	2.7	2.4	5.0	6.6	.5	2.8				3.3			0.0	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.1	2.4									.2			
, <i>n</i>					10									
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Event or exposure:			1	I			1	1		1	1	1		1
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	7.0	.6	3.3		.5	9.0	2.0			13.0	18.1	1.7	19.3	
Intentional injury by other person	3.9	.2			.3	5.0	.5			1.9	14.0			
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.9					1.2					3.4			
Animal and insect related incidents	2.2	.4	3.3			2.8	1.3			10.7	.6	1.0	19.3	
Transportation incidents	4.3	2.5		5.5	1.6	4.9	5.4			5.1	5.5	3.4		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.8	1.4		4.3		3.3	2.7			1.4	5.1	2.0		
Fires and explosions	.1													
Falls, slips, trips	27.5	23.9	35.0	32.0	19.5	28.7	28.0	60.0	40.0	30.7	28.3	36.7	13.8	
Slips, trips without fall	3.3	2.9	6.7	2.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	15.0		2.3	3.1	5.8		
Fall on same level	17.2	10.7	15.0	7.8	11.5	19.2	17.1	40.0	37.5	16.3	21.5	23.8	11.6	
Fall to lower level	6.3	9.5	15.0	22.3	3.8	5.3	6.3			10.2	3.6	6.5		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.3	5.8	5.0	6.3	5.7	3.9	1.2			6.0	5.1	12.6		
Contact with object, equipment	24.2	35.3	35.0	28.9	38.0	20.7	26.6	30.0	7.5	27.9	10.0	21.1	31.5	
Struck by object or equipment	13.5	18.6	18.3	21.1	17.8	11.9	13.8	15.0		21.9	4.9	13.3	24.9	
Struck against object or equipment	4.5	5.5	6.7	4.7	5.7	4.2	5.9	15.0		3.7	2.8	3.1		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	5.1	8.8	8.3		12.1	3.9	6.3			2.3	1.2	4.4		
Overexertion and bodily reaction	32.3	31.7	20.0	26.6	34.6	32.5	36.2		50.0	17.7	32.9	24.8	33.1	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.6	3.0			4.4	1.2	.8			1.9	1.8			
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	10.0	9.0	6.7	5.1	10.9	10.3	14.5		20.0	7.4	7.2	9.9		

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

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NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	producing					:	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	94.3	111.9	119.5	108.0	112.9	89.8	140.5	26.6	13.8	30.6	107.6	89.5	132.3	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	8.7	18.0	25.3	25.2	14.4	6.4	11.4		.9	2.9		8.7		
Sprains, strains, tears	34.4	31.9	40.1	22.5	35.1	35.1	55.2	7.4	4.2	8.2	44.7	33.3		
Amputations	.6	2.1			2.7	.2	.3					.6		
Bruise, contusions	10.5	7.0	17.7	4.5	7.1	11.4	22.9			3.2		6.3		
Chemical burns and corrosions	.7	2.3	4.9	3.3	1.6	.3				.9				
Heat (thermal) burns Soreness, pain	1.4 12.8	1.8 11.1	 7.4	12.0	1.9 11.0	1.3 13.2	.3 17.8	6.3	3.6	4.2	.8 21.6	10.0 10.1		
	9.5	14.3	3.0	21.9	12.1	8.3			3.9			10.1	61.7	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures Cuts, lacerations	9.5 7.4	14.3	3.0	19.1	9.9	6.2			3.9			9.6	34.2	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	2.1	2.3	5.0	2.8	2.3	2.1	. 0.7		5.5	2.6		5.0	27.5	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.6	2.5		2.0	2.5	.3	.2				.6			
Tendonitis	.1					.1								
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.5	1.6			2.0	2.8	3.1			.7	5.3	2.9		
With sprains and other injuries	1.4	.8			1.1	1.5	1.4				3.6			
With fractures and other injuries	.2	.2				.2	.4				.3			
Part of body affected:														
Head	8.4	9.8	9.6	8.2	10.6	8.1	9.9	6.3	3.4	2.4	12.8	8.6		
Eye	2.7	4.1		2.6	5.0	2.4	2.5			.6	5.3	.8		
Neck	1.0	.8		1.8	.5	1.0	2.1				1.4	.5		
Trunk	20.3	25.6	20.4	34.5	22.3	19.0	31.4		3.6	3.4	23.8	22.9	16.9	
Back	13.4	12.6	11.6	13.8	12.2	13.6	20.4		3.1	2.6	19.6	15.8	8.0	
Upper extremities	31.9	43.7	38.0	32.1	49.0	28.9	44.5	5.3	1.7			28.8		
Shoulder	7.0	8.5	17.1	4.7	9.3	6.6	13.5			1.2		4.8		
Arm	4.0	5.4	7.9	3.5	6.1	3.6	6.8			1.1		4.8		
Wrist	5.8	4.9		1.4	6.7	6.0	7.3			1.7		3.3		
Hand	13.8	23.8	12.2	22.4	25.3	11.3	15.2			7.2		13.1	35.0	
Lower extremities	22.4	22.9	47.9	17.7	22.8	22.3	41.7	9.3	3.9			23.0		
Knee	7.4	7.8	8.2	4.7	9.0	7.3	13.7		1.0			5.5		
Ankle	4.6	4.4	20.7	2.7	3.6	4.7	7.4			1.1		5.4		
Foot	5.2	5.9		6.3	6.0	5.1	12.1			2.3		4.8		
Toe, toenail	.9	1.4			1.5	.8	1.5			.8		1.4		
Body systems Multiple	1.1 8.0	.9 7.9	3.4	13.5	1.3 5.9	1.2 8.1	.0	4.1	1.1	.8 4.2		1.1 4.5		
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.8	3.8	5.3	5.7	2.9	1.3	.9			1.7	2.2	1.1		
Containers	10.6	11.5	3.3	3.3	15.7	10.4	26.4		3.0	2.2		10.6		
Furniture, fixtures	4.0	2.8		5.7	1.7	4.3				1.4		3.5		
Machinery	5.1	13.1	10.2	6.4	16.1	3.0				1.1		5.4		
Parts and materials	7.5	17.6	9.5	15.4	19.2	5.0	10.7			1.0	1.4	3.2	27.6	
Person, injured or ill worker	11.5	14.0	11.4	10.8	15.6	10.8			2.7			10.6	10.3	
Worker motion or position	11.2	13.9	11.4	10.8	15.4	10.5		7.0	2.6			10.4		
Person, other than injured or ill workers	8.4	.3			.4	10.5				.6		2.4		
Health care patient	5.5					6.9					25.0			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	17.2	12.8	26.8	6.6	14.2	18.3		9.0	5.4	6.0		25.4	10.7	
Ladder	1.9	5.2	4.7	14.8	1.2	1.1				1.1		.8		
Handtools	5.1	9.9	4.4	18.6	6.7	3.9				3.5		5.7		
Vehicles	10.1	8.4	10.9	9.0	8.0	10.5				2.3	7.9	3.8	8.6	
Trucks	2.6	2.7	5.1	7.3	.6	2.6				.9	.2			
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.1	1.5			1.7	.9	2.5				.9			
I													l	

Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	6.6	.7	4.4		.6	8.1	2.7			3.9	19.4	1.4	25.9	
Intentional injury by other person	3.7	.3			.4	4.5	.8			.6	15.1			
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.9					1.1					3.7			
Animal and insect related incidents	2.1	.4	4.4			2.5	1.8			3.3	.6	.9	25.6	
Transportation incidents	4.1	2.8		5.8	1.7	4.4	7.5			1.6	5.9	2.9		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.7	1.5		4.8		2.9	3.9			.5	5.5	1.7		
Fires and explosions														
Falls, slips, trips	25.9	26.7	42.5	34.4	22.1	25.7	39.4	15.5	5.7	9.4	30.4	32.7	18.4	
Slips, trips without fall	3.1	3.3	7.3	2.0	3.4	3.1	5.0	4.1		.8	3.3	5.2		
Fall on same level	16.2	12.0	17.3	8.3	13.0	17.3	24.0	10.2	5.3	4.9	23.1	21.4	15.4	
Fall to lower level	5.9	10.6	17.7	23.9	4.3	4.7	8.9			3.1	3.8	5.8		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.1	6.5	5.7	6.8	6.4	3.5	1.8			1.9	5.5	11.2		
Contact with object, equipment	22.8	39.5	41.9	31.4	42.7	18.6	37.4	8.1	1.0	8.5	10.8	18.9	41.3	
Struck by object or equipment	12.8	20.8	21.9	22.6	20.0	10.7	19.5	4.4		6.7	5.3	11.9	32.7	
Struck against object or equipment	4.2	6.1	8.3	5.0	6.4	3.8	8.2	3.7		1.1	3.0	2.8		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.8	9.9	10.9		13.7	3.5	8.9			.7	1.3	4.0		
Overexertion and bodily reaction	30.4	35.4	24.5	28.7	39.1	29.2	50.8		7.0	5.4	35.4	22.1	44.0	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.5	3.5			5.1	1.0	1.0			.5	2.0			
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	9.4	10.1	8.4	5.5	12.2	9.3	20.4		2.9	2.3	7.7	8.7		

 $^1$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>4</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>5</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	15.4	9.6	16.8	10.0	10.1	7.1	31.1	9
Gender:									
Male	100.0	13.6	10.9	14.7	8.7	10.1	8.0	34.0	12
Female	100.0	17.9	7.8	19.7	11.8	10.1	5.9	26.8	7
Age:									
14 - 15									
16 - 19	100.0	22.7	5.2	32.0	15.5	6.2	9.3		
20 - 24	100.0	20.2	18.3	19.5	8.8	12.9	5.2		
25 - 34	100.0	16.2	9.8	18.2	10.2	14.6	6.6		
35 - 44	100.0	12.1	11.7	18.2	9.6	8.1	6.8		
45 - 54	100.0	16.0	8.3	16.9	8.0	8.5	6.9		
55 - 64	100.0	11.2	6.7	12.7	13.1	9.1	7.7	39.4	
65 and over	100.0	22.4	3.9	10.2	8.8	7.8	11.2	35.1	16
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	12.4	11.1	22.5	13.1	11.4	5.8		
3 - 11 months	100.0	16.2	8.8	21.4	9.2	10.6	5.5		
1 - 5 years	100.0	16.1	12.2	14.4	10.9	9.9	8.2		
5 years or more	100.0	15.2	6.9	15.0	8.7	9.4	7.5	37.4	15
Race or ethnic origin <sup>2</sup> :									
White	100.0	16.4	11.3	16.9	9.0	9.3	6.3		
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	14.3	5.7	29.1	11.4	9.1	4.0		
Black or African American	100.0	14.2	6.9	17.6	16.5	8.8	8.0		
Asian	100.0	10.0		4.0		4.0	4.0	76.0	
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0								2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander									
Multi-race	100.0								1
Hispanic and other									

<sup>2</sup> Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by major occupational group and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	15.4	9.6	16.8	10.0	10.1	7.1	31.1	9
Management occupations	100.0	7.3	6.4	22.0	13.8	6.4	2.8	41.3	13
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0	10.0	20.0		25.0	15.0		20.0	9
Computer and mathematical occupations	100.0						22.2	44.4	30
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0	28.6						42.9	14
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0			25.0	16.7			33.3	10
Community and social service occupations	100.0	11.6	7.0	25.6	20.9	9.3	9.3	16.3	8
Legal occupations									
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	13.0	4.0	56.0	14.0	10.0	2.0	2.0	3
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0			16.7	25.0			33.3	9
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	22.9	12.4	12.4	9.1	11.6	3.6	28.0	7
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	16.7	11.6	20.0	11.6	9.8	7.9	22.8	6
Protective service occupations	100.0	7.5	7.5	15.0	12.5	15.0	5.0	35.0	15
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0	16.5	11.7	18.3	12.2	11.7	13.0	16.5	7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	12.2	6.1	14.1	8.9	17.4	9.4	31.9	14
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	41.6	5.2	16.7	5.6	8.6	6.0	16.7	3
Sales and related occupations	100.0	13.6	4.0	16.6	15.0	6.6	8.3	35.5	13
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	9.1	15.7	22.8	9.4	8.7	7.1	27.2	6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0			46.4	10.7	10.7		25.0	5
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	16.4	8.2	11.0	2.8	11.0	11.4	39.1	21
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	22.7	17.7	13.4	6.8	5.0	5.3	29.2	5
Production occupations	100.0	12.0	7.9	13.8	10.6	11.1	7.2	37.1	15
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	9.6	9.4	14.5	10.4	11.1	5.7	39.4	15

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by selected occupations and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	15.4	9.6	16.8	10.0	10.1	7.1	31.1	9
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	12.9	10.9	11.9	12.5	12.5	4.2	34.7	11
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	4.4	7.2	16.5	7.6	5.2	9.2	49.8	30
Retail salespersons	100.0	6.2	2.8	20.0	9.0	3.4	14.5	43.4	30
Nursing assistants	100.0	16.1	14.7	23.1	10.5	10.5	7.0	18.2	5
Stock clerks and order fillers	100.0	5.0	23.3	28.3	6.7	8.3	4.2	24.2	5
Registered nurses	100.0	10.2	11.2	12.2	10.2	17.3	5.1	33.7	16
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	100.0	4.3	6.5	18.5	30.4	14.1		26.1	6
Personal care aides	100.0	10.2	8.0	18.2	11.4	8.0	12.5	30.7	14
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	16.9	3.6	14.5	10.8	3.6	10.8	38.6	20
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	100.0	41.8	7.6	3.8	3.8	3.8	6.3	34.2	3
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	20.3	7.6	24.1	12.7	5.1	3.8	25.3	5
Construction laborers	100.0	12.8	10.3	23.1	3.8	3.8	3.8	43.6	12
Light truck or delivery services drivers	100.0		22.4	27.6	2.6	10.5	9.2	26.3	5
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	4.7	9.4	21.9	12.5	7.8	6.3	37.5	14
Food preparation workers	100.0	14.5	18.2	20.0	9.1	20.0	10.9	10.9	5
Nonfarm animal caretakers	100.0	86.3		7.8					1
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0	4.1		8.2		55.1	12.2	18.4	14
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	100.0	48.9				4.3	27.7	17.0	6
Packers and packagers, hand	100.0	16.7	9.5	11.9	14.3	19.0	4.8	23.8	10
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	100.0	15.0		25.0	10.0				5
Carpenters	100.0	7.7	25.6			20.5		41.0	12
First-line supervisors of personal service workers	100.0	94.6							1
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	100.0	15.2	21.2	6.1	9.1	9.1		33.3	9
Parts salespersons	100.0	75.0							1
Home health aides	100.0			9.7	22.6	6.5	6.5	45.2	21
Teacher assistants	100.0	32.3	6.5	29.0		22.6			3

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by major industry sector and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Industry Sector	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Private Industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	100.0	15.4	9.6	16.8	10.0	10.1	7.1	31.1	9
Goods producing	100.0	14.8	8.9	14.8	8.1	10.3	7.3	35.9	14
Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	100.0	5.0	3.3	30.0	8.3	10.0	5.0	40.0	14
Construction	100.0	21.1	7.4	10.9	2.3	5.5	10.5	42.2	21
Manufacturing	100.0	13.1	10.1	15.0	10.4	12.3	6.1	32.9	12
Service providing	100.0	15.6	9.8	17.4	10.6	10.0	7.0	29.6	8
Trade transportation and utilities	100.0	9.0	9.7	16.2	11.3	8.7	6.2	38.8	14
Information	100.0			15.0		15.0		45.0	14
Financial activities	100.0	10.0	12.5	60.0				12.5	4
Professional and business services	100.0	18.6	4.7	11.2	8.8	19.1	7.0	30.2	14
Educational and health services	100.0	18.6	9.9	19.5	12.2	9.6	7.8	22.4	6
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	13.3	8.5	20.1	10.5	12.2	9.9	25.5	10
Other services except public administration	100.0	48.1	17.7	8.3		7.2	6.1	11.6	2

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and

reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health

Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					S	Service providing	)			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administratioin
Total	39,840	9,510	600	2,560	6,350	30,330	12,810	200	400	2,150	10,010	2,940	1,810	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	1,540	420	20		390	1,120	680	30		40	320	40		
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	3,710	1,100		160	880	2,610	1,340		30	100		210		
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	12,170	3,150		1,170	1,750	9,020	3,990	70	140	810	2,870	680	450	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	10,250	1,950	140	500	1,300	8,300	3,350	30	80	400	2,810	590	1,030	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	4,300	670	60	50	570	3,620	1,300		110	250	1,190	640	110	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	2,290	520			480		840			90		180		
Not reported	5,590	1,710		660	990	3,880	1,320	40	30	460	1,350	600		
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	460	80			70	380	140		20		160	40		
Less than 1 hour	4,040	620		110	490	3,420	1,400		20	140	1,420	330		
1 - 2 hours	3,530	600		100	490	2,930	1,400	40		240	830	330		
2 - 4 hours	8,430	2,050	70	650	1,320	6,380	3,010		110	420	2,030	630	160	
4 - 6 hours	6,900	1,800	80	480	1,240	5,100	1,930			410	1,780	380	580	
6 - 8 hours	6,300	1,450	50	430	970	4,850	1,870	30	90	260	1,460	400	740	
8 - 10 hours	2,650	670	50	80	550	1,970	860		90	130	610	190		
10 - 12 hours	660	210			180	450	200			30	220			
12 - 16 hours	420	60	20		30	350	250				60			
More than 16 hours	20													
Not reported	6,440	1,960	280	660	1,020	4,480	1,740	40	40	480	1,430	660		
Day of week:														
Sunday	2,620	590	80	310	210	2,030	1,050			50	650	250		
Monday	7,110	1,550	80	350	1,120	5,560	2,670		100	290	1,620	380	490	
Tuesday	6,620	1,990	110	380	1,510	4,630	1,920	40	50	370	1,790	360	110	
Wednesday	6,870	1,830	100	490	1,240	5,040	2,300		20	260	1,380	670	370	
Thursday	7,270	1,650	110	580	950	5,630	1,930	50	100	570	2,080	400	500	
Friday	6,370	1,470	80	420	970		1,950	60	110	440	1,610	550	190	
Saturday	2,980	430		40	360		990			180		340		

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					S	Service providing	I			
Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	3.9	4.4	3.3		6.1	3.7	5.3	15.0		1.9	3.2	1.4		
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	9.3	11.6	10.0	6.3	13.9		10.5		7.5			7.1		
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	30.5	33.1	38.3	45.7	27.6	29.7	31.1	35.0	35.0	37.7	28.7	23.1	24.9	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	25.7	20.5	23.3	19.5	20.5	27.4	26.2	15.0	20.0	18.6	28.1	20.1	56.9	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	10.8	7.0	10.0	2.0	9.0	11.9	10.1		27.5	11.6	11.9	21.8	6.1	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.7	5.5			7.6		6.6			4.2		6.1		
Not reported	14.0	18.0	10.0	25.8			10.3		7.5					
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	1.2	.8			1.1	1.3	1.1		5.0		1.6	1.4		
Less than 1 hour	10.1	6.5		4.3	7.7	11.3	10.9		5.0	6.5	14.2	11.2		
1 - 2 hours	8.9	6.3		3.9	7.7	9.7	10.9	20.0		11.2	8.3	11.2		
2 - 4 hours	21.2	21.6	11.7	25.4	20.8	21.0	23.5		27.5	19.5	20.3	21.4	8.8	
4 - 6 hours	17.3	18.9	13.3	18.8	19.5	16.8	15.1			19.1	17.8	12.9	32.0	
6 - 8 hours	15.8	15.2	8.3	16.8	15.3	16.0	14.6	15.0	22.5	12.1	14.6	13.6	40.9	
8 - 10 hours	6.7	7.0	8.3	3.1	8.7	6.5	6.7		22.5	6.0	6.1	6.5		
10 - 12 hours	1.7	2.2			2.8		1.6			1.4	2.2			
12 - 16 hours	1.1	.6	3.3		.5	1.2	2.0				.6			
More than 16 hours	.1													
Not reported	16.2	20.6	46.7	25.8	16.1	14.8	13.6	20.0	10.0	22.3	14.3	22.4		
Day of week:														
Sunday	6.6	6.2	13.3	12.1	3.3	6.7	8.2			2.3	6.5	8.5		
Monday	17.8	16.3	13.3	13.7	17.6	18.3	20.8		25.0	13.5	16.2	12.9	27.1	
Tuesday	16.6	20.9	18.3	14.8	23.8	15.3	15.0	20.0	12.5		17.9	12.2	6.1	
Wednesday	17.2	19.2	16.7	19.1	19.5	16.6	18.0		5.0		13.8	22.8	20.4	
Thursday	18.2	17.4	18.3	22.7	15.0	18.6	15.1	25.0	25.0	26.5	20.8	13.6	27.6	
Friday	16.0	15.5		16.4	15.3		15.2		27.5		16.1	18.7		
Saturday	7.5	4.5		1.6			7.7			8.4				

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support

activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	15.4	9.6	16.8	10.0	10.1	7.1	31.1	9
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00AM	100.0	9.1	11.7	14.3	15.6	5.8	7.1	37.0	11
4:01AM - 8:00AM	100.0	9.4	8.6	11.3	12.9	12.4	7.3	38.5	17
8:01AM - 12noon	100.0	15.6	9.5	17.3	10.2	11.8	6.7	28.8	8
12:01PM - 4:00PM	100.0	19.7	12.1	19.6	8.0	8.5	4.4	27.7	5
4:01PM - 8:00PM	100.0	10.7	9.5	18.4	11.6	11.6	7.7	30.7	10
8:01PM - 12midnight	100.0	14.0	12.2	16.2	11.8	10.5	6.6	28.8	8
Time not reported	100.0	17.0	4.3	14.1	8.1	7.5	12.3	36.5	20
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	13.0	13.0	6.5	6.5	15.2	4.3	39.1	16
Less than 1 hour	100.0	21.3	8.2	18.3	14.9	8.4	4.2	24.8	6
1 - 2 hours	100.0	16.7	7.6	15.0	11.3	9.6	5.9	34.0	10
2 - 4 hours	100.0	13.9	12.8	16.5	9.3	10.7	6.9	30.1	9
4 - 6 hours	100.0	14.8	8.4	22.5	10.4	11.6	6.8	25.7	7
6 - 8 hours	100.0	18.1	13.0	14.6	7.6	9.0	5.1	32.5	7
8 - 10 hours	100.0	7.5	10.6	19.6	7.9	11.3	9.4	33.2	14
10 - 12 hours	100.0	9.1	7.6	13.6	19.7	15.2	6.1	28.8	10
12 - 16 hours	100.0	4.8	16.7	9.5	16.7	11.9		35.7	10
More than 16 hours	100.0								2
Hours not reported	100.0	15.7	4.2	13.8	8.7	8.4	11.6	37.6	20
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	11.8	8.0	20.6	6.1	12.2	5.3	35.5	14
Monday	100.0	13.6	11.8	17.7	12.4	8.0	4.4	32.2	7
Tuesday	100.0	18.9	9.2	12.7	10.9	8.2	9.1	31.0	9
Wednesday	100.0	11.4	15.7	17.6	8.3	10.3	6.1	30.6	8
Thursday	100.0	21.9	5.6	19.0	9.1	12.8	7.6		7
Friday	100.0	12.2	7.4	16.6	10.8	9.1	9.1	34.5	12
Saturday	100.0	14.8	6.7	13.8	10.4	12.1	7.4	35.2	13

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

### Table 15. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

									Part of body aff	ected by the inj	ury or illness <sup>3</sup>							
		He	ad		Tru	nk		U	oper extremities	5			Lower ex	tremities				
Characteristic	Private industry	Total	Eyes	Neck	Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot	Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
Total	94.3	8.4	2.7	1.0	20.3	13.4	31.9	7.0	4.0	13.8	5.8	22.4	7.4	4.6	5.2	1.1	8.0	0 1.
Gender:																		
Male Female	97.3 90.3	7.9 9.1	2.4 3.1	.9 1.1	22.6 17.5	13.2 13.6	35.0 27.8	8.0 5.6	4.8 2.8	17.4 9.2	3.9 8.2	22.7 22.0	7.8 6.9	3.7 5.8	5.2 5.3	.7 1.7	6.2 10.5	
1 circle	50.5	511	511		1,15	15.0	2/10	5.0	2.0	512	0.2	22.0	0.5	5.0	515	10	1010	
Age: 14 - 15		_			_													
16 - 19	93.0	11.3	5.4		15.5	14.9	34.6	1.7	1.7	22.0	2.6	28.2	4.6	14.7	7.2		2.8	3 -
20 - 24	114.2	11.8	3.3	.9	19.5	15.9	51.2	3.9	5.3	29.5	12.0	22.5	6.5	3.8	6.8	.9	7.4	
25 - 34	78.6	8.2	2.4	.9	17.6	13.4	25.4	4.1	2.3	14.9	3.2	20.1	4.0	4.7	5.7	1.3	4.7	
35 - 44	81.4	7.8	1.9	.8	18.6	11.7	24.1	4.8	5.1	10.0	3.1	20.2	8.7	4.2	3.3	.6	6.5	
45 - 54	105.8	5.7	1.3	1.4	24.8	17.6	35.8	8.9	4.2	13.2	7.9	25.1	8.2	3.9	8.5	1.1	10.8	
55 - 64	107.7	7.2	1.3	1.2	23.3	11.2	37.4	13.1	3.6	11.4	7.6	25.4	10.2	5.6	3.2		10.8	
65 and over	85.7	19.1	15.3		14.0	5.3	22.6	6.9	5.7	4.9	4.3	17.5	7.1	2.4	2.0	1.1	10.2	2 1.
Major occupational group:																		
Management occupations	44.9	6.7	.9		16.1	3.2	6.1	.8		2.1	2.7	13.0	2.3	4.2	2.3		2.3	3 -
Business and financial operations occupations	8.4				1.9		1.5	.8				2.3	.7				2.6	5 -
Computer and mathematical occupations	6.6						1.7										2.0	) -
Architecture and engineering occupations																		
Life, physical, and social science occupations	33.7	10.6					12.2			7.8								
Community and social service occupations	61.7	10.0	4.0		6.7	4.9	8.0	6.8				20.9	7.1	10.2			13.0	- ונ
Legal occupations																		-
Education, training, and library occupations	100.8	4.0			17.9	16.4	52.5			50.9		20.6	9.1	7.2	4.1		3.8	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	27.8	7.1					8.6					9.5						
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations Healthcare support occupations	82.1 153.3	9.3 9.8	2.1 1.4	1.0 3.8	18.1 46.3	16.1 38.2	21.2 42.8	3.4 13.5	3.9 8.0	8.1 9.1	3.9 7.9	14.0 27.5	5.7 13.1	2.5 5.3	1.5 5.1	2.7	20.4	
Protective service occupations	82.6	9.1	1.4	5.0	11.2	7.2	15.5	6.5	0.0	5.1	3.5	32.8	13.1	7.3	3.8	1.5	10.9	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	72.3	7.3	5		20.2	13.2	27.7	1.5	4.8	16.8	1.4	10.4	1.9	2.6	2.7	9	5.6	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	184.7	12.3	3.7	1.6	42.4	30.4	59.4	12.3	6.0	28.7	11.2	51.5	16.7	5.0	14.8	5.0	10.8	
Personal care and service occupations	128.6	27.9	19.6	1.0	20.2	14.5	43.8	7.9	1.1	11.7	21.2	21.1	6.4	10.6	2.4		13.8	
Sales and related occupations	68.4	3.9		1.4	11.1	7.9	19.2	3.9	2.5	4.9	7.3	30.4	7.3	3.5	13.2		2.5	
Office and administrative support occupations	37.9	3.3	.5	1.0	11.2	6.0	7.8	1.8	.8	2.4	2.7	8.8	3.2	2.3	1.3	1.4	4.3	- 3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations																		
Construction and extraction occupations	144.5	9.0	3.6	2.4	34.4	24.5	49.4	7.1	6.5	32.2	3.6	32.4	11.3	5.9	8.8		16.0	) -
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	143.2	10.0	3.2		24.5	14.7	71.4	9.8	7.5	38.3	15.5	31.7	11.9	4.5	5.6	1.2	3.8	3 -
Production occupations	122.2	12.0	5.6	.5	22.4	10.9	58.0	11.1	7.7	29.0	7.9	21.6	7.6	3.6	6.0	1.1	6.6	
Transportation and material moving occupations	205.1	14.4	4.7	1.9	43.2	30.1	66.8	27.0	9.1	19.3	8.2	53.0	18.5	10.4	11.6	1.3	17.8	6.

 $^1$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH)  $\times$  20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

sace on the occupation anjury and anness classification system 2.01 developed by the 0.5, bureau of EdDO Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

### Table 16. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

				0.55	lacerations, pun	turos							N Ia	iple traumatic inj	ingles		1
Charactavictic	Private			cuts,	lacerations, pun	tures							Muli	ipie traumatic inj	unes	-	
Characteristic	industry	Sprains, strains	Fractures	Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures	Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Total	with fractures	with sprains	Soreness Pain	All othe nature
Fotal	94.3	34.4	8.7	9.5	7.4	2.1	10.5	1.4	.7	.6	.6	.1	2.5	.2	1.4	4 12.8	}
Gender:																	
Male	97.3	34.3	10.0	11.9	11.1	.8	9.7	1.4	.9		.4	.1	1.9	.2		в 11.2	
Female	90.3	34.5	7.2	6.5	2.7	3.8	11.6	1.3		1		1	3.3		2.:		
Age:																	
14 - 15															-		
16 - 19	93.0	34.7	4.0	13.2	11.1	2.0	4.7	7.6							-	- 14.8	3
0 - 24	114.2	39.6	5.2	25.0	22.1	2.9	13.5		1.7	1.2			1.2			B 10.6	
5 - 34	78.6	27.3	5.7	8.4	7.3	1.1	10.4	.8	.3	.5	.4		2.4		1.:		
5 - 44	81.4	31.8	5.5	7.7	7.4	.3	9.2	.4	1.0	.3	.5		2.0			9 9.7	
5 - 54	105.8	39.4	6.5	9.4	4.2	5.2	10.8	1.6	.8	.6	1.3		3.1		2.4		
5 - 64	107.7	42.0	19.8	6.0	4.1	1.8	6.7	.8	.2	.7	.7		3.1		1.4		
5 and over	85.7	21.3	13.2	6.5	5.7	.8	24.4			.7			4.1	1.2			
Major occupational group:																	
Management occupations	44.9	10.9	16.2	3.7	3.7		4.5						1.5		1.0	0 3.2	2
Business and financial operations occupations	8.4	4.3	2.0												-	8	3
Computer and mathematical occupations	6.6	3.3													-	- 1.5	5
rchitecture and engineering occupations															-		
ife, physical, and social science occupations	33.7	4.5													-		
Community and social service occupations	61.7	31.6		2.5			10.0						2.5		2.5	5 6.1	
egal occupations															-		
ducation, training, and library occupations	100.8	25.9	2.4				10.6								-	- 50.6	5
rts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	27.8	5.7	3.6												-	- 5.4	ŀ
lealthcare practitioners and technical occupations	82.1	29.9	4.7	7.7	1.0	6.6	8.2						6.6		3.9	9 13.4	ŀ
lealthcare support occupations	153.3	78.6	5.9	4.2	1.4	2.8	10.9	2.8			1.3		5.6		4.2	2 27.5	5
Protective service occupations	82.6	37.0	4.4				10.6						5.9		3.0	5 14.5	5
ood preparation and serving related occupations	72.3	20.9	3.1	15.5	15.3		5.3	10.5					3.3			8 7.4	ŀ
uilding and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	184.7	75.5	6.7	21.2	21.1		18.4		8.6	1.3			3.2		2.0	5 32.0	)
ersonal care and service occupations	128.6	43.6	5.0	28.2	7.8	20.4	25.1						4.5		3.3		
ales and related occupations	68.4	22.3	7.8	2.3	2.3		21.8								-	- 6.3	
ffice and administrative support occupations	37.9	13.4	4.0	2.1	2.0		6.3				.5		.4			3 6.4	ł
arming, fishing, and forestry occupations															-		
Construction and extraction occupations	144.5	47.6	17.8	29.1	25.0	4.1	7.2	2.5	4.4	1.4					-	- 14.0	)
installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	143.2	51.9	13.5	25.8	23.9	1.9	7.6			1.0			1.8		1.:		
Production occupations	122.2	36.3	15.7	13.5	11.5	2.0	6.4	1.6	1.1				2.8	.5	1.2		
Fransportation and material moving occupations	205.1	88.4	18.2	9.8	8.9	.8	20.4	1.0			8		6.1		2.5		

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

Ν = number of injuries and illnesses

= total hours worked by all employees during calendar year EH

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year). <sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 17. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

							Sour	ce of injury or ill	ness <sup>3</sup>					
Characteristic	Private industry	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total	94.3	1.8	10.6	4.0	5.1	7.5	8.4	5.5	11.5	11.2	. 17.2	5.1	10.1	11.1
Gender:														
Male	97.3	1.8	12.6	4.1	6.7	12.4	2.5	1.7	11.8	11.5	13.5	7.5	11.3	10.9
Female	90.3	1.8	8.1	4.0	3.0	1.3	16.2	10.5	11.2			2.0	8.5	
A														
Age: 14 - 15														
16 - 19	93.0	2.0	13.9	3.0	8.7	3.8	4.8	3.9	14.8	14.4	22.2	4.9	2.7	12.0
20 - 24	114.2	3.2	11.8	4.1	4.9	14.7	7.5	6.3	9.0			20.9	9.6	
25 - 34	78.6	1.0	10.5	3.0	5.0	9.0	7.5		8.4		11.4	5.0	7.9	
35 - 44	81.4	1.9	8.7	4.3	4.3	6.1	6.3	5.4	11.5			4.4	10.8	
45 - 54	105.8	2.3	11.5	6.1	5.7	6.7	11.4	6.2	14.5	14.4	17.0	2.3	13.3	14.2
55 - 64	107.7	1.6	12.0	3.7	5.1	7.3	6.5	4.9	14.2	13.7	28.2	2.8	9.7	10.6
65 and over	85.7	1.2	4.9	1.5	3.8	1.5	18.1	2.8	6.5	6.1	. 28.7	1.4	9.5	7.8
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations	44.9		3.6	.6		2.0	3.2	2.1	3.1	3.1	15.5		1.4	2.2
Business and financial operations occupations	8.4			2.0					1.0				2.0	
Computer and mathematical occupations	6.6								1.8		3.3			
Architecture and engineering occupations														
Life, physical, and social science occupations	33.7			6.7			7.1	7.1	6.5		4.7			
Community and social service occupations	61.7		8.4	2.8			15.5	8.6	2.5		16.9		10.6	4.6
Legal occupations														
Education, training, and library occupations	100.8			3.3			43.9		17.4					7.9
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	27.8		4.8						4.0					
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations Healthcare support occupations	82.1 153.3	1.2 4.4	2.0 3.6	2.3 11.1	1.1 2.7		23.7 67.4	23.1 65.3	10.0 16.6				9.2 6.1	
Protective service occupations	82.6	т.т 	5.0		2.7		19.3	7.8	10.0				14.6	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	72.3	1.1	12.5	2.2	5.5	.5			7.0			5.4	1.8	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	184.7	12.7	19.3	14.9	11.9	6.2	3.1	3.0	25.5			25.8	7.3	
Personal care and service occupations	128.6		1.4	1.0	2.6		47.5	20.8	12.6			7.1	3.4	
Sales and related occupations	68.4		10.6	5.1	4.6	2.7	1.6		5.2			1.5	11.9	4.9
Office and administrative support occupations	37.9	1.1	7.4	2.9	.5	1.0	.4	.2	4.5	4.1	. 10.1	.3	7.3	2.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations														
Construction and extraction occupations	144.5	8.2	3.9	6.1	7.9	27.0			16.0			25.1	7.6	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	143.2	1.6	7.5	4.5	13.1	34.3			17.3			18.5	14.2	
Production occupations	122.2	2.5	13.1	2.7	19.8	21.7			18.9			9.1	3.6	
Transportation and material moving occupations	205.1	1.3	44.8	7.7	6.0	16.3	1.5	.4	28.4	27.9	33.2	4.4	42.6	17.1

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

- = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

Ν

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction. <sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

#### Table 18. Incidence rates <sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2018

										Event or	exposure leadi	ing to injury or ill	ness <sup>3</sup>								
			Contact v	vith objects			Falls, sli	os, trips		Overex	rtion			Transportati	on accidents		Violence	e and other injuri	ies by persons o	or animal	
Characteristic	Private industry	Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Total	Roadway accidents	Fires and explosions	Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—unint entional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents	All other events
Total	94.3	22.8	12.8	4.2	4.8	25.9	5.9	16.2	3.1	30.4	9.4	1.5	4.1	4.1	2.7		6.6	3.7	.9	2.1	
Gender:																					
Male	97.3	29.0	17.7	4.7	5.3	24.0	7.6	12.3	3.3	33.8	11.5	.9	3.8	4.0	2.2		2.4	1.0	.5	.9	j.
Female	90.3	14.9	6.4	3.6	4.1	28.4	3.8	21.4	3.0	26.1	6.9	2.3	4.4	4.2	3.3		12.1	7.1	1.4	3.6	,
Age: 14 - 15 16 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 34 35 - 54 45 - 54		 31.1 47.7 26.6 17.9 20.9	33.8 15.9 10.0 8.0	 11.3 6.7 4.4 3.6 4.4	 3.6 6.7 4.9 3.3 7.0	 30.6 14.6 15.7 24.1 26.9	 3.3 3.0 6.9 5.0	 21.9 9.2 10.6 13.2 17.6	 7.9 1.8 1.9 3.8 4.0	 20.4 31.8 24.0 28.3 37.9	6.9 8.7 6.4 10.4 10.6	  1.4 1.1 2.7	 6.8 9.2 3.4 3.5 4.5	 4.1 4.2 4.6 4.1	 1.8 1.7 3.7 3.2		 3.7 6.1 4.5 2.7 11.4	 2.1 1.4 3.1 1.7 5.9	 2.1 .8 .8 .7	 1.6 2.5 .7  4.8	;; ;; ;
55 - 64 65 and over	107.7 85.7	16.7 10.9		3.0 2.2	4.1 1.3	41.4 34.4	11.0 8.4	24.7 24.0	3.3 2.0	37.2 15.9	12.7 4.2	1.8	3.2 1.2	3.9 4.3	2.6 3.3		5.0 18.9	1.6 15.8	.7	2.7	i
Major occupational group: Maragement occupations Business and financial operations occupations Computer and mathematical occupations Architecture and engineering occupations Life, physical, and social sceince occupations Community and social service occupations Education, training, and library occupations Arst, design, entratianment, sports, and media occupations Healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Food preparation and serving related occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Personal care and service occupations Sales and related occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Farming, fishing, and intenance and Construction and extraction occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	44.9 8.4 6.6 6. 7 7 8 7.8 82.1 153.3 82.6 72.3 184.7 128.6 6 68.4 37.9 184.7 128.6 6 68.4 37.9 184.7 128.6 184.7 128.6 184.7 128.6 184.7 194.7 1	7.0 1.2 				28.0 4.3 3.4 - 4.7 19.8 - 9.7 20.7 37.0 36.2 26.9 41.11 29.2 22.2 21.5 9 - - 2.9 6.9 - 2.9 5 - 2.0 - 2.0 - 2.0 - 2.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	12.4 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	14.9 3.7 2.9 4.7 10.5.5 29.8 23.2 18.5 24.9 20.8 19.7 9.6 - - 11.6 8.3 8.3	.7    2.7 4.8 4.6 4.7 5.5 5.9 .7 7 1.2 -	5.4 2.7 3.1  7.7 11.8,8 7.4 25.2 71.3 12.4 12.7 68.0 0 27.7 21.6 12.8 - 2.7 2.7 58.5 5 58.5 58.5 58.5 58.5 58.5 58.5	1.1. 		1.2     - - - - - - - - - - - - -	.9        - - - - - - - -	.9       7.4 3.0 4.2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		2.4 	1.6 			- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
roduction occupations ransportation and material moving occupations	122.2 205.1	49.1 44.4	23.6	8.0 8.4	15.4 8.0	23.3 57.0	3.2 15.5	16.2 29.5	3.8 9.9	42.2 75.4	12.0 27.3	7.4 2.1	6.1 4.5	.7 18.2	 11.4		.5 4.8	 1.0		3.7	

calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

 N
 =
 number of injuries and illnesses

 EH
 =
 total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

 20,000,000
 =
 base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.