Pennsylvania 2021-2022 Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) Case and Demographic Data

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Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

			Goods p	roducing					9	Service providing	I			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	95,350	18,870	1,030	5,260	12,570	76,480	29,070	630	850	6,260	32,900	5,350	1,420	
Gender:														
Male	49,220	16,060	940	5,050	10,070	33,160	19,730	500	680	3,540	5,600	2,460	660	
Female	45,390	2,750	90	210	2,440	42,640	8,840	140	160	2,720	27,280	2,830	670	
Age:														
14 to 15	90					80					20	60		
16 to 19	3,820	460		110	340	3,360	1,720			300		720		
20 to 24	9,390	1,980	120	540	1,320	7,410	3,060		200			560		
25 to 34	19,280	4,070	290	1,260	2,530	15,210	4,980	30	140		,	1,270		
35 to 44	18,080	3,690	200	1,250	2,240	14,390	4,860	130	170	1,240	6,940	750		
45 to 54	18,840	4,120	190	1,090	2,850	14,710	5,160	80	100	920	7,280	880	290	
55 to 64	19,830	3,610	200	830	2,580	16,220	7,030	320	210	1,470	6,230	930	40	
65 and over	4,520	680	20		500	3,840	1,570		30	180	1,930	110		
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	12,410	2,980	170	570	2,240	9,430	3,770			800	2,510	2,010	160	
3 to 11 months	19,360	3,630	170	1,110	2,340	15,740	5,970		230	1,660		1,090		
1 to 5 years	30,890	5,780	400	1,950	3,430	25,110	9,760	100	220	1,850	11,480	1,250	440	
More than 5 years	31,450	6,320	280	1,630	4,410	25,130	9,170	460	250	1,860	12,190	940	250	
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	41,460	10,470	440	3,380	6,650	30,980	10,450	150	450	3,090	14,410	2,000	440	
Black only	7,920	840	20		670	7,080	1,090			350		780		
Hispanic or Latino only	4,790	1,790	120	280	1,390	3,000	1,220			310	,	280		
Asian only	540	200			190	340	60			50		20		
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	50	20			20									
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	100	30			30	70								
Hispanic or Latino and other race	100	50			30	60	50							
Multi-race	110				30									
Not reported	40,270	5,410	440	1,400	3,570	34,870	16,130	390	290	2,450	12,650	2,260	690	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					5	Service providing				
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Gender:														
Male	51.6	85.1	91.3	96.0	80.1	43.4	67.9	79.4	80.0	56.5	17.0	46.0	46.5	
Female	47.6	14.6	8.7	4.0	19.4	55.8	30.4	22.2	18.8	43.5	82.9	52.9	47.2	
Age:														
14 to 15	.1					.1					.1	1.1		
16 to 19	4.0	2.4		2.1	2.7	4.4	5.9			4.8	1.6	13.5	2.1	
20 to 24	9.8	10.5	11.7	10.3	10.5	9.7	10.5		23.5	9.3	8.5	10.5	15.5	
25 to 34	20.2	21.6	28.2	24.0	20.1	19.9	17.1	4.8	16.5	23.8	21.2	23.7	22.5	
35 to 44	19.0	19.6	19.4	23.8	17.8	18.8	16.7	20.6	20.0	19.8	21.1	14.0	20.4	
45 to 54	19.8	21.8	18.4	20.7	22.7	19.2	17.8	12.7	11.8	14.7	22.1	16.4	20.4	
55 to 64	20.8	19.1	19.4	15.8	20.5	21.2	24.2	50.8	24.7	23.5	18.9	17.4	2.8	
65 and over	4.7	3.6	1.9		4.0	5.0	5.4		3.5	2.9	5.9	2.1		
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	13.0	15.8	16.5	10.8	17.8	12.3	13.0			12.8	7.6	37.6	11.3	
3 to 11 months	20.3	19.2	16.5	21.1	18.6	20.6	20.5		27.1	26.5	19.8	20.4	19.0	
1 to 5 years	32.4	30.6	38.8	37.1	27.3	32.8	33.6	15.9	25.9	29.6	34.9	23.4	31.0	
More than 5 years	33.0	33.5	27.2	31.0	35.1	32.9	31.5	73.0	29.4	29.7	37.1	17.6	17.6	
Race or ethnic origin⁵:														
White only	43.5	55.5	42.7	64.3	52.9	40.5	35.9	23.8	52.9	49.4	43.8	37.4	31.0	
Black only	8.3	4.5	1.9		5.3	9.3	3.7			5.6	14.0	14.6	7.0	
Hispanic or Latino only	5.0	9.5	11.7	5.3	11.1	3.9	4.2			5.0	2.8	5.2	13.4	
Asian only	.6	1.1			1.5	.4	.2			.8	.6	.4		
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	.1	.1			.2									
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	.1	.2			.2	.1								
Hispanic or Latino and other race	.1	.3			.2	.1	.2							
Multi-race	.1				.2									
Not reported	42.2	28.7	42.7	26.6	28.4	45.6	55.5	61.9	34.1	39.1	38.4	42.2	48.6	

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

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⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	producing					5	Service providing	l			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration
Total	95,350	18,870	1,030	5,260	12,570	76,480	29,070	630	850	6,260	32,900	5,350	1,420	
Management occupations	4,340	240			120	4,100	450		40	260	2,510	660		
Business and financial operations occupations	400	70			70	330	30		30	70	,			
Computer and mathematical occupations	30					30								
Architecture and engineering occupations	210	80			80	130								
Life, physical, and social science occupations	180	80	50		30	100				40	50			
Community and social service occupations	950					950					920			
Legal occupations														
Educational instruction and library occupations	840					840					810			
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	230					200	50	30				110		
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	11,900					11,900				820	10,980			
Healthcare support occupations	11,810					11,800				310	11,480			
Protective service occupations	740	20			20	710	40			330	240	80	20	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	6,200					6,190					1,400	3,460		
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3,970	240			230	3,730	220			1,730	1,350	280		
Personal care and service occupations	1,740					1,740				80				
Sales and related occupations	5,060	40			30	5,020	4,720			150	30			
Office and administrative support occupations	3,210				330	2,850	1,440	20	70	340	850	60		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	270	260	230											
Construction and extraction occupations	5,180		150	4,060		700	170				160			
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5,900		40	810		4,080	2,430	390	210	200	520	150	170	
Production occupations	9,380	7,770	50		7,700	1,610	740			460	170	20	220	
Transportation and material moving occupations	22,430	3,180	290	240	2,650	19,250	17,220	20	460	1,040	240	120	160	

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⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

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			Goods p	roducing					:	Service providing	I			
Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	95,350	18,870	1,030	5,260	12,570	76,480	29,070	630	850	6,260	32,900	5,350	1,420	
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	7,840	1,540			1,540	6,290	6,110				30	30	20	
Nursing assistants	5,530					5,530					5,530			
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	5,000		220	200	320	4,270	3,700			420	,			
Registered nurses	4,110					4,110					4,030			
Stockers and order fillers	3,610	80			70	3,530	3,220			260	60			
Personal care aides	3,420					3,420					3,420			
Retail salespersons	3,070					3,050	3,000							
Light truck drivers	2,580					2,570	2,180		330					
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	2,490					2,490					2,460			
Maintenance and repair workers, general	2,010	590	20		550	1,430	560			80	440	140		
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,530	220			210	1,310	160			750	240			
Fast food and counter workers	1,340					1,340	90					1,190		
Medical and health services managers	1,290					1,290					1,270			
Construction laborers	1,240	1,210		1,160	50	30								
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	1,150					1,130					920	100		
Social and community service managers	1,070					1,070					1,000			
Home health aides	1,020					1,020					1,020			
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	1,000					1,000	950							
Waiters and waitresses	880					880						870		
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	810	450		420	30	360	350							
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	810					800				580	60	100		
Carpenters	750	710		670		40					20			
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	700	630		610	20	70					50			
Food service managers	640					640	30					610		
Packers and packagers, hand	630	330			290	300	280							
Cashiers	620					620	580				20	20		

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (mode to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these and to comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)1 by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

			Goods p	roducing						Service providing	9	-		
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administratic
Total	95,350	18,870	1,030	5,260	12,570	76,480	29,070	630	850	6,260	32,900	5,350	1,420	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	6,920	2,020	80	630	1,310	4,900	2,050		340	490	1,440	410		
Sprains, strains, tears Amputations	24,160 490	5,240 430	320	1,940 20	2,980	18,920 60	9,780 60	280		1,530	5,690	990	480	
Bruise, contusions	7,910	1,380	70	420	890	6,530	3,520		20	440	2,130	300	110	
Chemical burns and corrosions	240	140			110	100	60			-				
Heat (thermal) burns Soreness, pain	1,050 12,150	420 2.230		670	360 1,370	630 9.920	60 3,550	70		140	130 3,930	280 760	270	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	8,140	2,510	40	700	1,570	5,630	2,430		20	1,030		940		
Cuts, lacerations	6,290	1,820	40	460	1,310	4,480	2,110			550	700	930		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1,850	690		230	460	1,160	320				250			
Carpal tunnel syndrome Tendonitis	350	160			160	190 60	40				20			
Multiple traumatic injuries	1,740	310			280	1,420	560			80	660	90	20	
With sprains and other injuries	980	190			160	800	300			30		30		
With fractures and other injuries	210	30			30	180	60			40	80			
Part of body affected:														
Head	8,390	1,970	100	590	1,280	6,420	2,730	20		500		660	240	
Eye	1,870	750	40		580	1,120	590			180	240	90		
Neck	790 13,830	150 2,920		70 910	80 1,850	640 10,920	230 5,780	 190	 60		340 3,480	40 550	210	
Trunk Back	13,830 9,080	2,920	160 70	910	1,850	10,920 7,290	5,780	190	60 30	640 430	2,630	390	160	
Upper extremities	23,600	6,810	230	1,500	5,080	16,790	7,570	180	280	2,000		1,750		
Shoulder	5,610	1,380	100	440	840	4,230	2,240	30		400				
Arm	3,480	1,060	20	290	750	2,420	1,050			370		120	80	
Wrist	2,770	650	50	50	550	2,110	890			-	680	260		
Hand Lower extremities	10,550 18,950	3,370 4,690	50 290	570 1,910	2,740 2,490	7,180 14,270	3,030 7,380	180	100 380	1,040	1,570 3,400	1,120		
Knee	6,040	4,690	100	650	2,490	4,490	2,330	100		430	1,240	350	40	
Ankle	4,700	980	110	410	450	3,730	1,840			330		360		
Foot	4,250	910	40	150	720	3,340	2,090		190	310		180		
Toe, toenail	1,080	190			160	890	700			-	140	30		
Body systems Multiple	22,830 5,190	1,090 880	20 40	90 190	980 650	21,740 4,310	3,730 1,350	50	60	770		170	50	
- dope	5,150	000	10	150	000	1,510	1,550	50		050	2,000	1/0	50	
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1,110	470	20		360	630	420				110			
Containers	8,770 2,240	1,280 260	50	280 60	950 160	7,490	5,470 760	20	20	500 460	530	630 80	180	
Furniture, fixtures Machinery	4,920	2,100	40	220	1,840	1,980 2,820	1,470		20	230		310		
Parts and materials	6,270	3,210	50	1,020	2,140	3,060	2,350			490		80	50	
Person, injured or ill worker	9,750	2,570	180	710	1,680	7,180	3,720		110	630		450		
Worker motion or position	9,580	2,560	180	710	1,660	7,020	3,690	150	90	610		380	240	
Person, other than injured or ill workers Health care patient	5,850 4,650	60			50	5,800 4,650	200			100	5,340 4,620		30	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	4,030	2,550	150	970	1,430	11,590	4,260	130		850		1,620	240	
Ladder	1,190	480	70	270	140	700	350	110		40	50			
Handtools	2,690	1,180	30	410	750	1,510	830			190	210	280		
Vehicles	8,150	1,430	80	500	850	6,720	4,010		220	660		270	160	
Trucks	2,580 1,010	440 200		250 30	150 160	2,140 810	1,600 400			280	200		100	
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1,010	200		30	160	810	400			-	200	90	100	
Event or exposure:							1			1				1
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	4,340	180	40			4,150	160			-	2,720			
Intentional injury by other person	2,330					2,300	110			70				
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown Animal and insect related incidents	650					650				20	580	30		
Animal and insect related incidents Transportation incidents	3,540	630	40	220	380	2,910	1,340			340		150		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2,290	340	20	150	170	1,950	690			170		60		
Fires and explosions	170	70			70	100						-		1
Falls, slips, trips	21,880	4,900	350	2,090	2,450	16,980	7,010	340	410	1,430		1,950	350	
Slips, trips without fall	3,690 13,590	810 2,600	50 160	290 1,020	470 1,420	2,890 10,980	1,210 4,080	130 160	30 30	380 740	840 4,120	230 1,590	260	1
Fall on same level Fall to lower level	13,590	2,600	160 140	1,020	1,420	2,910	4,080	160	30 340	740	4,120	1,590	30	1
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4,280	1,370	40	220	1,530	2,910	3,910		60	690		1,180	- 50	1
Contact with object, equipment	18,690	6,120	180	1,240	4,710	12,570	7,280	100	140	1,490		1,170	400	1
Struck by object or equipment	8,990	2,780	80	910	1,790	6,210	3,460	90	50	710	960	780	160	1
Struck against object or equipment	5,670	1,450	50	210	1,180	4,220	2,400			450		330	210	1
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment Overexertion and bodily reaction	2,860 21,810	1,480 4,970	20 220	 1,450	1,360 3,300	1,380	890 9,120	130	230	220		40 700	520	1
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	21,810	4,970	220	1,450	3,300 440	16,840 750	9,120	130	230	1,240		/00	520	1
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	6,810	1,190	20	420		5,610			20	560		210	230	1

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

¹ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contactors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordiscepting requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimate of other industries.

¹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

			Goods p	roducing					9	Service providing	9			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures Sprains, strains, tears	7.3 25.3	10.7 27.8	7.8 31.1	12.0 36.9	10.4 23.7	6.4 24.7	7.1 33.6	 44.4	40.0	7.8 24.4	4.4	7.7	33.8	
Amputations	.5	2.3		.4	3.2	.1	.2							
Bruise, contusions	8.3	7.3	6.8	8.0	7.1	8.5	12.1		2.4	7.0	6.5	5.6	7.7	
Chemical burns and corrosions	.3	.7 2.2			.9 2.9	.1	.2			2.2	-			
Heat (thermal) burns Soreness, pain	1.1	11.8	18.4	12.7	2.9	.8 13.0	.2 12.2	11.1		19.2	.4	5.2 14.2	19.0	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	8.5	13.3	3.9	13.3	14.1	7.4	8.4	-	2.4	16.5	2.9	17.6		
Cuts, lacerations	6.6	9.6	3.9	8.7	10.4	5.9	7.3			8.8	2.1	17.4		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1.9	3.7 .8	-	4.4	3.7 1.3	1.5	1.1	-		-	.8	-		
Carpal tunnel syndrome Tendonitis	.4	.0	-	-	1.5	.2	.1							
Multiple traumatic injuries	1.8	1.6			2.2	1.9	1.9	-		1.3		1.7	1.4	
With sprains and other injuries	1.0	1.0			1.3	1.0	1.0			.5	1.3	.6		
With fractures and other injuries	.2	.2			.2	.2	.2	-		.6	.2	-		
Part of body affected:														
Head	8.8	10.4	9.7	11.2	10.2	8.4	9.4	3.2		8.0	6.7	12.3	16.9	
Eye Neck	2.0	4.0	3.9		4.6	1.5	2.0			2.9	.7	1.7		
Trunk	.8 14.5	.8	15.5	1.3	.o 14.7	.8 14.3	.8 19.9	30.2	7.1	10.2		./ 10.3	14.8	
Back	9.5	9.5	6.8	12.4	8.5	9.5	12.3	9.5	3.5	6.9	8.0	7.3	11.3	
Upper extremities	24.8	36.1	22.3	28.5	40.4	22.0	26.0	28.6	32.9	31.9		32.7	37.3	
Shoulder	5.9	7.3	9.7	8.4	6.7	5.5	7.7	4.8		6.4	3.6	-		
Arm Wrist	3.6 2.9	5.6 3.4	1.9 4.9	5.5 1.0	6.0 4.4	3.2 2.8	3.6 3.1	-		5.9	2.1 2.1	2.2	5.6	
Hand	11.1	17.9	4.9	10.8	21.8	2.0	10.4		11.8	16.6	4.8	20.9		
Lower extremities	19.9	24.9	28.2	36.3	19.8	18.7	25.4	28.6	44.7	23.5	10.3	20.9	23.9	
Knee	6.3	8.2	9.7	12.4	6.4	5.9	8.0	-		6.9	3.8	6.5	2.8	
Ankle	4.9	5.2	10.7	7.8	3.6	4.9	6.3	-		5.3	2.6	6.7		
Foot Toe, toenail	4.5 1.1	4.8 1.0	3.9	2.9	5.7 1.3	4.4 1.2	7.2		22.4	5.0	1.5	3.4		
Body systems	23.9	5.8	1.9	1.7	7.8	28.4	12.4		7.1	12.3	49.2	.0		
Multiple	5.4	4.7	3.9	3.6	5.2	5.6	4.6	7.9		10.1	6.3	3.2	3.5	
Source of injury, illness: Chemical, chemical products	1.2	2.5	1.9		2.9	8	1.4				3			
Containers	9.2	6.8	4.9	5.3	7.6	9.8	18.8	3.2		8.0	1.6	11.8	12.7	
Furniture, fixtures	2.3	1.4	-	1.1	1.3	2.6	2.6		2.4	7.3	1.7	1.5	1.4	
Machinery	5.2	11.1	3.9	4.2	14.6	3.7	5.1			3.7	1.9	5.8		
Parts and materials	6.6 10.2	17.0 13.6	4.9 17.5	19.4 13.5	17.0 13.4	4.0 9.4	8.1 12.8		 12.9	7.8	.2	1.5	3.5 16.9	
Person, injured or ill worker Worker motion or position	10.2	13.6	17.5	13.5	13.4	9.4	12.8	23.8	12.9	9.7	5.7	7.1		
Person, other than injured or ill workers	6.1	.3	-		.4	7.6	.7			1.6			2.1	
Health care patient	4.9		-			6.1	-			.5	14.0			·
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces Ladder	14.8	13.5	14.6	18.4	11.4	15.2	14.7	20.6		13.6	13.3	30.3	16.9	
Handtools	1.2	2.5 6.3	6.8 2.9	5.1 7.8	1.1 6.0	.9	1.2	17.5		.0	.2	5.2		
Vehicles	8.5	7.6	7.8	9.5	6.8	8.8	13.8	_	25.9	10.5		5.0	11.3	
Trucks	2.7	2.3	-	4.8	1.2	2.8	5.5			4.5				
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.1	1.1	-	.6	1.3	1.1	1.4				.6	1.7	7.0	
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	4.6	1.0	3.9			5.4	.6				8.3			·
Intentional injury by other person	2.4		-			3.0	.4	-		1.1	6.2	-		·
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	.7		-			.8	-			.3	1.8	.6		
Animal and insect related incidents Transportation incidents	3.7	.8 3.3	3.9 2.9	4.2	 3.0	3.8	4.6			5.4	.4	2.8		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.4	1.8	2.9	4.2	1.4	2.5	4.0	-		2.7		1.1		
Fires and explosions	.2	.4			.6	.1								
Falls, slips, trips	22.9	26.0	34.0	39.7	19.5	22.2	24.1	54.0	48.2	22.8	16.7	36.4	24.6	
Slips, trips without fall Fall on same level	3.9 14.3	4.3 13.8	4.9 15.5	5.5 19.4	3.7 11.3	3.8 14.4	4.2 14.0	20.6 25.4	3.5 3.5	6.1 11.8	2.6 12.5	4.3 29.7	18.3	
Fall to lower level	4.5	13.8	13.5	19.4	4.1	3.8	5.3	25.4	40.0	5.0	12.5	29.7	2.1	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	25.3	9.5	3.9	4.2	12.2	29.2	13.5		7.1	11.0		22.1		
Contact with object, equipment	19.6	32.4	17.5	23.6	37.5	16.4	25.0	15.9	16.5	23.8	6.0	21.9	28.2	
	9.4	14.7	7.8	17.3	14.2	8.1	11.9	14.3	5.9	11.3	2.9	14.6	11.3	
Struck by object or equipment														
Struck against object or equipment	5.9	7.7	4.9	4.0	9.4	5.5	8.3	-		7.2	2.5	6.2	14.8	-
Struck against object or equipment Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	3.0	7.8	1.9		10.8	1.8	3.1			3.5	.4	.7		
Struck against object or equipment	5.9 3.0 22.9 1.3			4.0 27.6 				 20.6 	 27.1 2.4	7.2 3.5 19.8 .5	.4	6.2 .7 13.1 .4		

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

¹ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and roometal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recrickening inquiriments effective January 1, 2020; Therefore, estimates are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its record exping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 7. Annualized incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

			Goods p	roducing					:	Service providin	g			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administratio
Total	115.4	116.6	119.6	112.0	118.4	115.1	163.2	41.8	13.8	43.0	180.7	97.1	52.3	
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	8.4	12.5	9.5	13.3	12.4	7.4	11.5		5.5			7.5		
Sprains, strains, tears	29.2	32.4	37.4	41.3	28.0	28.5	54.9	18.5		10.5	5 31.3	17.9	17.5	
Amputations	.6	2.7		.5	3.8	.1	.3			-				
Bruise, contusions Chemical burns and corrosions	9.6 .3	8.5 .9	8.0	8.9	8.4 1.0	9.8 .2	19.8 .3		.4	3.0	11.7	5.5	4.1	
Heat (thermal) burns	1.3				3.4	.9	.3			1.0	.7	5.1		
Soreness, pain	14.7	13.8	22.2	14.2	12.9	14.9		4.9		8.2	2 21.6	13.8		
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	9.9		5.1	14.8	16.7	8.5			.4	7.1	1 5.2	17.0		
Cuts, lacerations	7.6		4.6	9.9	12.4	6.7				3.8		16.8		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds) Carpal tunnel syndrome	2.2	4.3 1.0		5.0	4.3 1.5	1.7 .3	1.8			-	- 1.4			
Tendonitis	.1					.1	.2							
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.1	1.9			2.7	2.1	3.1			.6	5 3.6	1.7	.9	
With sprains and other injuries	1.2				1.6	1.2	1.7			.2		.6		
With fractures and other injuries	.3	.2			.2	.3	.4			.2	2.4			
Part of body affected:							1				1			
varc of body affected: Head	10.2	12.2	11.7	12.6	12.1	9.7	15.3	1.3		3.4	4 12.2	12.0	8.9	
Eye	2.3	4.6	4.8		5.5	1.7				1.2		1.7		
Veck	1.0			1.4	.7	1.0	1.3			-	- 1.9	.8		
Frunk	16.7	18.0	18.4	19.4	17.4	16.4			.9			10.0		
Back	11.0		8.2	13.8	10.0	11.0		4.0	.4			7.0	6.0	
Jpper extremities Shoulder	28.6 6.8	42.1 8.5	26.5 11.7	31.9 9.4	47.9 7.9	25.3 6.4	42.5	11.8 1.7	4.6	13.7		31.7	19.7	
Arm	4.2		2.4	6.1	7.1	3.6	5.9					2.3	3.0	
Wrist	3.4	4.0	5.8	1.1	5.2	3.2				-	- 3.7	4.7		
Hand	12.8		6.3	12.2	25.9	10.8			1.6			20.3		
Lower extremities	22.9		33.8	40.6	23.5	21.5			6.2			20.4		
Knee Ankle	7.3 5.7	9.5 6.0	11.1 13.1	13.9 8.7	7.5 4.3	6.8 5.6				2.9		6.4 6.6		
Foot	5.1	5.6	4.4	3.1	4.5	5.0			3.1	2.1		3.3		
Toe, toenail	1.3	1.2			1.5	1.3				-	8	.6		
Body systems	27.6	6.8	2.6	2.0	9.2	32.7			1.0					
Multiple	6.3	5.4	4.5	4.0	6.2	6.5	7.6	3.1		4.3	3 11.3	3.0	1.8	
Terran of initial illegen														
Source of injury, illness: Chemical, chemical products	1.3	2.9	2.8		3.4	1.0	2.4				. 6			
Containers	10.6	7.9	5.7	6.0	8.9	11.3		1.3		3.4	4 2.9	11.4	6.6	
Furniture, fixtures	2.7	1.6		1.2	1.5	3.0			.4	3.1	1 3.0	1.4	.8	
Machinery	6.0	13.0	4.8	4.7	17.3	4.2				1.6		5.6		
Parts and materials	7.6	19.8	6.0	21.6	20.2	4.6				3.3		1.5		
Person, injured or ill worker Worker motion or position	11.8 11.6	15.9 15.8	20.9 20.9	15.2 15.2	15.8 15.7	10.8 10.6		9.6 9.6	1.7		3 10.4 2 10.2	7.0		
Person, other than injured or ill workers	7.1	.3			.5	8.7							1.3	
Health care patient	5.6					7.0				.2	2 25.4			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	17.1	15.7	17.7	20.6	13.4	17.4				5.8	3 24.1	29.5	8.9	
Ladder	1.4	3.0	8.6	5.7	1.3	1.1	1.9	7.2						
Handtools /ehicles	3.3 9.9	7.3	3.1 8.9	8.7 10.5	7.1	2.3			3.6	1.3		5.1 5.0		
Trucks	3.1	2.7		5.3	1.4	3.2			5.0	1.9				
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.2			.7	1.5	1.2				-	- 1.1	1.6	3.6	
Event or exposure:											15.0			
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal Intentional injury by other person	5.2 2.8	1.1	4.4			6.2 3.5					- 15.0 5 11.1			
Intentional injury by other person Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	2.0					1.0						.6		1
Animal and insect related incidents		1.0	4.4							-	7			
Transportation incidents	4.3	3.9	3.3	4.7	3.6	4.4				2.3		2.7		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.8	2.1	2.2	3.1	1.6	2.9	3.9			1.2	2 5.4	1.2		
Fires and explosions Falls, slips, trips	.2 26.5	.4 30.3	41.1	 44.5	.7 23.1	.1 25.6		 22.5	 6.7		 3 30.2		12.9	
slips, trips Slips, trips without fall	26.5	30.3	41.1	44.5 6.1	23.1	25.6	39.4 6.8	22.5	6.7			35.3	12.9	
Fall on same level	16.4	16.1	19.0	21.7	13.4	16.5			.5	5.1		28.9	9.4	1
Fall to lower level	5.2	8.5	15.8	15.2	4.9	4.4	8.6		5.6	2.1	1 2.9	2.2	.9	1
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	29.2	11.1	4.8	4.6	14.4	33.6			1.0			21.5		1
Contact with object, equipment	22.6	37.8		26.3	44.3	18.9		6.8	2.2			21.3		
Struck by object or equipment Struck against object or equipment	10.9 6.9	17.2 9.0	9.3 6.0	19.5 4.5	16.8 11.2	9.3 6.4			.9			14.1 6.1		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	3.5	9.0	2.6	4.5	11.2	2.1				1.5		.6		
Dverexertion and bodily reaction	26.4	30.7	25.3	30.9	31.1	25.3		8.5	3.7			12.6	19.2	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.6	3.3	3.5		4.1	1.1	2.2		.3	.3	1.1	.4		
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	8.2	7.4	2.4	8.9	7.1	8.4	17.5			3.8	3 7.0	3.8	8.4	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference period

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

¹ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to Its recordinging industries.

¹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordiseeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days
Total	100.0	12.4	7.9	15.7	18.9	14.8	4.7	25.5	10
Gender: Male Female	100.0 100.0	12.8 11.9	9.1 6.7	15.7 15.8	13.3 24.7	12.3 17.7	5.4 3.9	31.3 19.3	10 10
Age: 14 - 15 16 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 34 35 - 44 45 - 54 55 - 64 65 and over Length of service with employer: Less than 3 months	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	 14.1 20.8 10.9 10.5 11.0 12.3 4.9 12.8	 14.1 8.2 12.0 6.6 7.2 5.4 3.5 7.2	 25.4 15.4 17.2 17.4 11.7 15.7 14.8 13.5	33.3 15.4 21.8 20.7 19.0 17.8 17.4 15.9 21.0	 12.0 16.0 14.2 18.1 16.5 12.7 11.5	4.6 4.8	20.4 23.7 32.0 31.3 42.5	7 5 7 10 11 10 20
3 - 11 months 1 - 5 years 5 years or more	100.0 100.0 100.0	15.3 12.9 9.5	9.2 9.0 6.4	16.2 17.0 15.3	20.4 17.8 18.2	12.4 16.0 15.7	3.9		7 10
Race or ethnic origin ² : White Hispanic or Latino Black or African American Asian American Indian or Alaska Native Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander Multi-race Hispanic and other	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	16.1 8.8 8.2 9.3 	7.9 13.6 6.1 3.7 	17.8 16.5 15.3 22.2 	20.1 13.6 27.0 14.8 	12.6 12.5 11.7 18.5 20.0	4.1 3.5 4.7 7.4 	21.4 31.3 26.9 25.9 20.0 50.0	8 10 10 11 4 10 6 64

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by major occupational group and number of days, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days
Total	100.0	12.4	7.9	15.7	18.9	14.8	4.7	25.5	10
Management occupations	100.0	20.5	12.0	11.8	36.2	10.8	.5	8.1	7
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0	10.0		12.5	27.5	17.5		30.0	11
Computer and mathematical occupations	100.0								12
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0	9.5			14.3		9.5	14.3	5
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0	22.2	16.7	27.8				16.7	5
Community and social service occupations	100.0		21.1	17.9	17.9	7.4	2.1	23.2	5
Legal occupations									
Educational instruction and library occupations	100.0	21.4	4.8	16.7	22.6	21.4		6.0	7
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0			26.1	13.0	21.7		26.1	14
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	9.4	6.1	14.7	31.2	20.8	4.4	13.4	9
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	8.2	5.1	18.4	32.7	15.6	1.9	18.2	10
Protective service occupations	100.0	2.7	6.8	16.2		13.5	6.8	41.9	14
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0		10.3	14.4	18.4	17.3	5.5	13.4	7
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	23.7	9.1	13.1	15.4	7.6	5.3	26.2	7
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	38.5	6.3	19.0	16.7	6.3	5.7	8.0	3
Sales and related occupations	100.0	15.2	6.9	12.8	12.3	24.3	2.8	25.5	12
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	6.5	5.9	24.6	21.8	18.4	2.2	20.6	8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0	7.4				22.2		40.7	19
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	11.2	8.7	18.7	8.1	8.5	6.2	38.6	13
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	7.8	9.7	13.9	12.2	17.5	6.3		14
Production occupations	100.0	14.1	9.5		10.2	12.7	6.5		11
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	9.6	8.2	14.9	12.0	12.3	5.9	36.9	14

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by selected occupations and number of days, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days
Total	100.0	12.4	7.9	15.7	18.9	14.8	4.7	25.5	10
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	9.7	10.7	12.2	9.4	12.5	6.3	39.2	15
Nursing assistants	100.0	8.1	5.6	22.1	36.9	14.5	1.1	11.8	8
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	12.4	8.6	10.2	13.2	11.0	3.6	41.0	17
Registered nurses	100.0	7.3	4.4	15.3	29.4	22.1	4.4	16.8	10
Stockers and order fillers	100.0	7.5	8.9	13.9	17.2	16.6	5.0	30.7	13
Personal care aides	100.0	6.4	5.6	14.9	27.8	13.5	3.8	27.8	10
Retail salespersons	100.0	18.6	6.8	7.8	11.4	29.3	2.0	24.1	12
Light truck drivers	100.0	1.9	1.9	31.8	12.8	6.2	11.6	33.7	14
Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses	100.0	4.0	3.6	11.6	48.6	19.7	4.8	7.6	10
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	6.0	10.4	9.0	10.4	26.9	4.0	33.3	20
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	14.4	10.5	12.4	17.0	5.9	6.5	32.7	10
Fast food and counter workers	100.0	14.2	11.2	15.7	5.2	13.4	6.7	33.6	11
Medical and health services managers	100.0	4.7	1.6	19.4	51.9	15.5		6.2	8
Construction laborers	100.0		6.5	12.9	16.1	12.1	8.9	33.1	12
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	18.3		14.8	20.9	12.2	6.1	21.7	9
Social and community service managers	100.0	65.4							1
Home health aides	100.0		5.9	17.6	35.3	15.7	2.0	18.6	10
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	100.0	13.0	10.0	20.0	7.0	24.0		26.0	13
Waiters and waitresses	100.0			12.5	23.9	51.1	3.4	6.8	20
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	100.0			8.6	8.6	7.4		35.8	12
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0			9.9		2.5	3.7	19.8	1
Carpenters	100.0	18.7	16.0		6.7		5.3	41.3	10
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	100.0	14.3						31.4	5
Food service managers	100.0			4.7					9
Packers and packagers, hand	100.0	12.7		14.3	14.3	15.9	4.8	34.9	12
Cashiers	100.0	8.1	6.5	27.4	19.4	8.1		30.6	ç

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by major industry sector and number of days, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Industry Sector	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days
Private Industry ^{2,3,4}	100.0	12.4	7.9	15.7	18.9	14.8	4.7	25.5	10
Goods producing	100.0	12.8	8.8	16.4	10.3	11.9	5.6	34.1	12
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	14.6	13.6	8.7	6.8	11.7	3.9	41.7	19
Construction	100.0	9.9	9.7	18.6	10.8	9.7	5.9	35.4	12
Manufacturing	100.0	13.9	8.1	16.1	10.3	12.9	5.6	33.0	11
Service providing	100.0	12.3	7.7	15.5	21.0	15.5	4.5	23.4	10
Trade transportation and utilities	100.0	12.1	7.3	14.6	12.3	16.3	5.3	32.1	13
Information	100.0	3.2	4.8	20.6	17.5	7.9		38.1	12
Financial activities	100.0		12.9	27.1		8.2		24.7	6
Professional and business services	100.0	24.6	8.6	15.5	12.5	5.9	3.7	29.1	6
Educational and health services	100.0	10.2	7.1	16.2	30.2	17.1	3.7	15.6	9
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	9.2	13.1	15.7	23.7	16.1	5.2	16.8	9
Other services (except public administration)	100.0	33.8	4.2	11.3	18.3	11.3	2.1	19.0	6

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

			Goods p	roducing					S	Service providing)			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administratioin
Total	95,350	18,870	1,030	5,260	12,570	76,480	29,070	630	850	6,260	32,900	5,350	1,420	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	2,860	670	30		630	2,190	1,350				670	30		
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	9,550	2,240	120	560	1,560	7,310	2,790	100	30	790	3,290	190	120	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	22,480	6,040	360	2,230	3,440	16,440	7,770	170	440	1,490	5,280	980	310	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	16,360	3,950	210	1,540	2,200	12,410	4,920	190		1,720	4,420	900	130	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	7,620	1,280	160	90	1,030	6,340	2,780			560	1,990	760	160	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5,320	990	40		890	4,330	2,060		80	320	1,370	430		
Not reported	31,150	3,690	110	760	2,820	27,460	7,400	60	150	1,250	15,870	2,060	670	
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	3,750	100			90	3,640	1,570			50	1,880	30		
Less than 1 hour	6,970	1,290	100	360	830	5,690	1,800	130	40	350	2,940	310		
1 - 2 hours	7,040	1,570		400	1,150	5,480	2,610	110		800	1,320	410	120	
2 - 4 hours	16,940	3,910	160	970	2,790	13,030	6,680	70	280	960	3,750	1,100	190	
4 - 6 hours	11,890	3,230	90	1,450	1,690	8,660	3,990		150	900	2,860	650	50	
6 - 8 hours	10,110	2,660	100	680	1,870	7,450	2,880	190		1,270	2,420	500	100	
8 - 10 hours	5,680	1,620	50	540	1,020	4,060	1,880			490	1,410	230		
10 - 12 hours	1,690	380	40	70	280	1,310	690			50	520	30		
12 - 16 hours	850	90			50	760	130				560			
More than 16 hours	40					40	20				20			
Not reported	30,380	4,020	470	760	2,790	26,360	6,830	60	160	1,360	15,200	2,080	670	
Day of week:														
Sunday	7,650	610	70	90	460	7,040	2,850			430	3,130	420		
Monday	18,100	3,450	170	750	2,530	14,640	5,390		150	990	6,970	840	220	
Tuesday	16,850	3,610	120	1,110	2,370	13,240	4,860	160	40	1,180	5,490	1,100	410	
Wednesday	15,350	4,090	230	1,410	2,450	11,260	4,100	110		1,400	4,740	560	260	
Thursday	15,560	3,600	200	980	2,410	11,960	4,210	70	220	950	5,040	1,180	290	
Friday	13,790	2,730	180	900	1,650	11,060	4,530		130	880	4,750	600	100	
Saturday	8,050	780	60	20	700	7,280	3,120		200	430	2,770	650	30	

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

									9	Service providing	I			
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	3.0	3.6	2.9		5.0	2.9	4.6				2.0	.6		
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	10.0	11.9	11.7	10.6	12.4	9.6	9.6	15.9	3.5	12.6		3.6	8.5	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	23.6	32.0	35.0	42.4	27.4	21.5	26.7	27.0	51.8	23.8	16.0	18.3	21.8	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	17.2	20.9	20.4	29.3	17.5	16.2	16.9	30.2		27.5		16.8	9.2	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	8.0	6.8	15.5	1.7	8.2	8.3	9.6			8.9		14.2	11.3	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.6	5.2	3.9		7.1	5.7	7.1		9.4	5.1	4.2	8.0		
Not reported	32.7	19.6	10.7	14.4	22.4	35.9	25.5	9.5	17.6	20.0	48.2	38.5	47.2	
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	3.9	.5			.7	4.8	5.4			.8	5.7	.6		
Less than 1 hour	7.3	6.8	9.7	6.8	6.6	7.4	6.2	20.6	4.7	5.6	8.9	5.8		
1 - 2 hours	7.4	8.3		7.6	9.1	7.2	9.0	17.5		12.8	4.0	7.7	8.5	
2 - 4 hours	17.8	20.7	15.5	18.4	22.2	17.0	23.0	11.1	32.9	15.3	11.4	20.6	13.4	
4 - 6 hours	12.5	17.1	8.7	27.6	13.4	11.3	13.7		17.6	14.4	8.7	12.1	3.5	
6 - 8 hours	10.6	14.1	9.7	12.9	14.9	9.7	9.9	30.2		20.3	7.4	9.3	7.0	
8 - 10 hours	6.0	8.6	4.9	10.3	8.1	5.3	6.5			7.8	4.3	4.3		
10 - 12 hours	1.8	2.0	3.9	1.3	2.2	1.7	2.4			.8	1.6	.6		
12 - 16 hours	.9	.5			.4	1.0	.4				1.7			
More than 16 hours						.1	.1				.1			
Not reported	31.9	21.3	45.6	14.4	22.2	34.5	23.5	9.5	18.8	21.7	46.2	38.9	47.2	
Day of week:														
Sunday	8.0	3.2	6.8	1.7	3.7	9.2	9.8			6.9	9.5	7.9		
Monday	19.0	18.3	16.5	14.3	20.1	19.1	18.5		17.6	15.8	21.2	15.7	15.5	
Tuesday	17.7	19.1	11.7	21.1	18.9	17.3	16.7	25.4	4.7	18.8	16.7	20.6	28.9	
Wednesday	16.1	21.7	22.3	26.8	19.5	14.7	14.1	17.5		22.4	14.4	10.5	18.3	
Thursday	16.3	19.1	19.4	18.6	19.2	15.6	14.5	11.1	25.9	15.2	15.3	22.1	20.4	
Friday	14.5	14.5	17.5	17.1	13.1	14.5	15.6		15.3	14.1	14.4	11.2	7.0	
Saturday	8.4	4.1	5.8	.4	5.6	9.5	10.7		23.5	6.9	8.4	12.1	2.1	

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

				Percent of c	ases involving				
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days
Total	100.0	12.4	7.9	15.7	18.9	14.8	4.7	25.5	10
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00 AM	100.0	12.2	9.1	9.1	15.4	12.6	6.6	34.6	13
4:01AM - 8:00 AM	100.0	14.2	8.4	19.2	10.8	9.5	4.6	33.3	9
8:01AM - 12:00 PM	100.0	13.8	8.9	16.3	12.3	12.6	4.7	31.4	10
12:01PM - 4:00 PM	100.0	11.6	9.2	18.2	14.0	9.3	6.1	31.7	10
4:01PM - 8:00 PM	100.0	12.2	10.0	14.8	13.1	9.7	6.3	33.7	10
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	100.0	15.0	14.7	14.8	11.5	8.5	4.5	30.8	7
Time not reported	100.0	11.0	4.7	13.9	31.6	23.4	3.4	11.9	10
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	4.3	2.7	51.5	23.2	9.6	1.6	7.2	5
Less than 1 hour	100.0	13.1	5.2	19.2	15.1	12.3	3.4	31.7	10
1 - 2 hours	100.0	16.2	9.5	16.9	9.1	11.1	8.0	29.3	9
2 - 4 hours	100.0	15.6	10.2	14.3	13.7	10.6	4.2	31.6	8
4 - 6 hours	100.0	11.9	9.2	17.9	11.5	11.9	6.1	31.7	10
6 - 8 hours	100.0	12.1	9.0	16.1	14.5	8.9	5.5	34.0	10
8 - 10 hours	100.0	11.3	11.1	15.1	8.5	9.9	6.5	37.3	13
10 - 12 hours	100.0	7.1	22.5	14.2	8.3	11.8	5.3	30.8	10
12 - 16 hours	100.0	9.4	23.5	21.2	20.0	5.9	4.7	15.3	5
More than 16 hours	100.0							50.0	56
Hours not reported	100.0	11.7	5.0	10.2	31.1	23.7	3.6	14.6	10
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	10.7	11.2	20.9	18.0	14.9	5.1	19.1	8
Monday	100.0	11.2	9.7	15.4	20.6	12.5	5.0	25.6	10
Tuesday	100.0	14.5	5.8	16.0	21.2	15.0	3.9	23.6	9
Wednesday	100.0	10.9	10.2	13.3	16.7	14.8	5.1	29.0	10
Thursday	100.0	15.7	6.1	14.4	18.1	17.2	4.4	24.0	10
Friday	100.0	6.8	8.3	16.5	18.3	15.2	4.7	30.2	11
Saturday	100.0		4.5	16.9	17.3	14.2	4.8	24.0	8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 15. Annualized incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

									Part of body aff	ected by the inju	iry or illness ³							
		He	ad		Tru	nk		U	pper extremities				Lower ex	tremities				
Characteristic	Private industry	Total	Eyes	Neck	Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot	Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
Total	115.4	10.2	2.3	1.0	16.7	11.0	28.6	6.8	4.2	12.8	3.4	22.9	7.3	5.7	5.1	27.6	6.3	2.1
Gender:																		
Male	107.8	11.3	3.5	.7	19.5	11.8	31.1	8.0	4.8	14.1	2.9	26.8	8.1	6.5		12.2		
Female	124.9	8.8	.8	1.3	13.4	10.1	25.5	5.4	3.5	11.1	4.0	18.3	6.5	4.7	3.2	46.9	7.7	3.0
Age: 14 - 15												-						
16 - 19	167.0	20.0	4.9		13.8	7.3	45.6	4.0	2.0	25.9	7.9	36.2	11.0	8.8	14.5	44.5	5 1.2	
20 - 24	129.9	16.5	2.1	.8	20.8	13.7	23.4	3.7	1.6	14.8	2.8	32.4	7.4	8.1	13.5	26.3		
25 - 34 35 - 44	101.5 107.6	12.0 7.1	2.9 1.8	.9	13.5 15.4	9.7	23.4 24.0	3.1 6.7	3.4 4 5	12.7 9.5	3.2 2.1	18.8 20.8	4.6	6.6 5.3	3.8 3.9	25.6 32.5		
45 - 54	107.8	9.5	1.0	1.1	15.4	11.9 11.8	24.0	9.3	4.5	9.5	4.7	20.8	8.4	4.8	2.7	25.5		
55 - 64	117.2	8.3	2.9	.8	10.7	10.8	36.3	10.8	5.1	15.1	3.3	26.5	9.9	5.8	3.9			
65 and over	96.2		.7	.5	19.5	9.2	24.1	7.9	6.8	4.6	2.8	16.4	8.8	1.8	2.3			.4
Major occupational group:																		
Management occupations	65.5	7.5	.3		3.9	2.9	7.3	2.1	.5	1.3	2.9	7.7	3.1	2.5	.6	28.2		9.6
Business and financial operations occupations	7.9						.8				د.	.9		.4		3.9	.6	
Computer and mathematical occupations Architecture and engineering occupations	1.2 13.8						3.2			1.9		4.0				2.7		
Life, physical, and social science occupations	25.1	2.5			6.0		6.8			5.7		4.0				5.3		
Community and social service occupations	84.5	25.8	3.6		10.7	6.5	4.2			1.7		12.7	6.0			12.7		1.5
Legal occupations																		
Educational instruction and library occupations	45.5	9.7			6.5		6.9		1.7			8.7	3.0				9.5	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	25.0				3.4		2.1					9.1	3.6	5.0		6.4	+	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	185.1	12.6	1.0	2.6	18.6	14.8	18.7	5.6	3.2	5.5	2.6	18.6	8.0	5.3		102.6	5 8.8	
Healthcare support occupations	228.1	8.7	1.7	1.8	25.1	19.7	36.8	9.7	4.8	13.1	6.8	20.9	6.5	5.8		118.7		
Protective service occupations	100.1	10.7			7.1	2.9	18.6		6.4	2.6		28.5	14.8	2.6	3.8	12.5		
Food preparation and serving related occupations	118.7	9.3	2.0		10.1	7.2	51.6		2.8	39.6	4.6	19.5	6.9	5.0				
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	206.1	30.5	9.4	.9	31.8	23.8	35.0	6.7	4.0	17.5	3.4	44.4	11.8	14.0		39.3		
Personal care and service occupations	112.1	14.3 7.0		7	12.5 10.8	11.8 7.6	46.3 16.3	9.2 6.7	3.2	31.7 4.6	1.2	14.6	2.9 5.6	1.3 3.0		21.5 13.8	5 1.6 8 1.6	
Sales and related occupations Office and administrative support occupations	71.3 33.1	2.0	1.1	./	4.2	2.6	8.4	1.6	2.0	4.0	1.2	21.1 5.0	5.0	5.0	9.9	13.0		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	33.1	4.8	2.5		4.2	2.0	8.7	6.3	2.0	5.5	.0	6.3	1.0	.9	2.2		2.6	
Construction and extraction occupations	151.2	15.8			23.9	16.7	52.6	13.6	16.2	15.9	2.2	52.0	18.9	10.0	4.3	2.7		
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	157.0	11.7	2.1	1.1	36.2	15.4	43.6	11.5	7.7	20.3	2.4	35.3	11.1	10.0		14.2		
Production occupations	154.4	14.8	8.4	1.1	19.1	11.7	69.4	10.8	9.5	38.8	7.3	27.1	7.8	3.4		11.6		
Transportation and material moving occupations	245.5	22.6	5.9	2.3	52.3	33.0	62.9	19.6	8.7	22.2	9.5	71.6	22.1	21.2	18.3	19.6		1.3
1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time	e workers and wer	re calculated as:	(N/EH) x 20,000	,000 where								-						
N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference	e period																	

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 16. Annualized incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

									Nature of in	jury or illness ³							
				Cuts,	lacerations, punc	tures							Mul	tiple traumatic inj	uries		
Characteristic	Private industry	Sprains, strains	Fractures	Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures	Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Total	with fractures	with sprains	Soreness Pain	All other natures
Total	115.4	29.2	8.4	9.9	7.6	2.2	9.6	1.3	.3	.6	.4	.1	2.1	.3	1.2	14.7	38.9
Gender:																	
Male	107.8	33.2	9.6	10.3	8.0	2.3	9.0	1.3	.4	1.0	.3	.1	1.9	.2	.9	14.7	25.9
Female	124.9	24.4	7.0	9.2	7.0	2.2	10.3	1.2	.1	1	.6	.1	2.4	.3	1.6	14.8	54.8
Age:																	
14 - 15																	
16 - 19	167.0	36.3	5.1	15.6	8.9		14.0	11.9		.9			3.3			12.6	66.7
20 - 24	129.9	27.1	13.1	14.7	9.0	5.8	12.0	1.3	.6				.7		.6	19.6	
25 - 34	101.5	24.7	5.5	10.7	8.8	1.9	7.3	1.0	.1	.8	.3		1.9		1.2	12.2	36.8
35 - 44	107.6	29.3	6.4	6.9	4.3	2.5	7.9	.9	.5	.5	.2		1.5	.1	.8	12.3	41.3
45 - 54	117.2	32.5	7.5	9.2	7.9	1.4	9.4	.9	.2	.2	.9	.1	3.0		1.9	18.6	34.5
55 - 64	130.0	35.2	11.4	10.7	9.9	.8	9.9	1.1			.6		2.4	.5	1.3		42.3
65 and over	96.2	19.9	16.0	3.3	2.2		11.2			5			3.3	.6	1.7	13.5	27.9
Major occupational group:																	
Management occupations	65.5	8.9	1.6	1.1	1.0		1.3									18.5	31.5
Business and financial operations occupations	7.9	.4	.4													1.8	4.6
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.2																
Architecture and engineering occupations	13.8	1.6	1.0														3.6
Life, physical, and social science occupations	25.1	4.1		4.9		3.5										2.8	9.8
Community and social service occupations	84.5	23.9	1.5				11.2						2.6			13.0	31.2
Legal occupations																	
Educational instruction and library occupations	45.5	4.1	2.3													11.7	14.2
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	25.0	8.3															11.5
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	185.1	30.5	7.2	7.3	.9		12.6						2.0		.9	12.1	111.5
Healthcare support occupations	228.1	44.1	9.1	6.9	3.0		10.5						3.3		2.2		129.1
Protective service occupations	100.1	31.8	13.5				15.1						4.0		2.0		
Food preparation and serving related occupations	118.7	14.8	4.9	36.4	36.4		7.1	8.3					1.7		.8	13.1	31.8
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	206.1	50.8	17.3	10.2	9.3		18.2						6.3	1.3	2.2		66.8
Personal care and service occupations	112.1	18.9	12.8	30.5			2.3									17.9	29.0
Sales and related occupations	71.3	19.4	1.8	4.9	3.8	1.1	14.6						1.0		.8	10.0	19.1
Office and administrative support occupations	33.1	5.5	4.1	3.8	2.9		2.3				.3		.6		.3	2.7	13.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	33.1	11.2														4.4	4.7
Construction and extraction occupations	151.2	63.1	14.4	20.4	13.1	7.2	11.7			.7			2.3		2.2		22.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	157.0	46.9	23.3	12.4	11.0		7.5	1.4	-	.9			4.4		3.3		33.2
Production occupations	154.4	36.6	12.2	23.1	17.0	6.2	12.0	5.1	1.7	5.8	2.0		2.8	.4	1.1		34.8
Transportation and material moving occupations ¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time wo	245.5 orkers and were	91.9 calculated as: (f	24.4 V/EH) x 20,000,0	13.8 00 where	11.7	2.1	27.6	.6	.5	.5		.6	4.9	.8	2.4	31.8	48.1
N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference pe		,															
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference																	
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40		, 50 weeks per y	ear).														
² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or																	
³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by																	

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 17. Annualized incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving away from work (DAFW)² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

		Source of injury or illness ³													
Characteristic	Private industry	Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources	
Total	115.4	1.3	10.6	2.7	6.0	7.6	7.1	5.6	11.8	11.6	17.1	3.3	9.9	36.6	
Gender:															
Male	107.8	1.9	12.2	2.6	5.6	12.6	3.0	2.0	13.7	13.5	13.9	4.9	13.2	22.1	
Female	124.9	.6	8.5		6.5	1.4	12.4	10.2		9.4		1.2	5.8		
				_						-					
Age:															
14 - 15															
16 - 19	167.0	4.6	22.6	2.7	7.1	6.1	4.0	3.4	17.1	15.1	14.3	7.8	14.7	65.0	
20 - 24	129.9	1.1	12.3	3.2	5.3	9.0	9.3	7.2	11.0	10.5	19.5	5.5	11.5	41.2	
25 - 34	101.5	1.1	9.2	2.5	6.3	6.9	7.4	5.3	9.6	9.5	11.9	2.6	8.3	34.9	
35 - 44	107.6	1.1	8.4	2.0	5.1	8.4	8.3	6.2	11.4	11.3	10.6	3.4	8.1	39.2	
45 - 54	117.2	.9	10.2	2.9	3.7	8.0	7.3	6.0	14.0	13.8	19.6	3.4	11.6	34.7	
55 - 64	130.0	2.3	10.8	3.4	10.3	8.0	5.7	5.3	14.4	14.2	24.1	3.0	11.0	34.7	
65 and over	96.2	.4	6.9	2.9	2.2	4.4	4.6	4.2	7.5	7.5	30.8	.7	8.6	24.7	
Major occupational group:	65.5		2.4	1.0	-	2	1.0	1.6	5.7	5.6	17.1		2.1	24.1	
Management occupations	7.9		2.4	1.0	.5		1.8	1.6	.7	.7			2.1	34.1 4.6	
Business and financial operations occupations Computer and mathematical occupations	1.2								./	./	1.7			u	
Architecture and engineering occupations	1.2											1.0		3.5	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	25.1								4.0	4.0		1.0		12.2	
Community and social service occupations	84.5						27.8	20.1	11.0	10.7				13.9	
Legal occupations															
Educational instruction and library occupations	45.5						24.5	1.9	3.9	3.9	5.7			11.2	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	25.0						2.8		3.4	3.4				13.0	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	185.1	.7	1.2	3.1	2.0		28.1	27.2		10.2		.3	4.7	120.3	
Healthcare support occupations	228.1		2.3				46.2	44.0		10.3			11.2	128.2	
Protective service occupations	100.1						22.3	15.0	11.5	11.5			19.9	18.8	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	118.7	.9	13.4	1.5					5.7	4.5	33.3	8.2	2.8	29.7	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	206.1	4.3	13.5	14.8	11.3	3.7	1.2		30.0	29.1	42.9	5.2	11.8	62.3	
Personal care and service occupations	112.1						9.0	4.2	2.6	2.5	14.2			52.8	
Sales and related occupations	71.3		18.8	3.2	2.4	5.5	1.2		6.2	6.1	10.3	2.7	3.9	16.1	
Office and administrative support occupations	33.1		3.2	3.0		.9	1.0	.7	2.0	1.9	7.2		1.7	12.8	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	33.1								6.1	6.1			2.0	5.8	
Construction and extraction occupations	151.2		10.2		5.3	39.0			16.0	16.0		10.8	9.2	23.2	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	157.0		5.5	3.2	10.7	15.3			25.0	25.0		15.6	16.7	25.1	
Production occupations	154.4	4.7	14.8		25.6	27.1			16.6	16.6		11.0	5.2	28.6	
Transportation and material moving occupations	245.5	4.5	46.0	5.8	7.9	21.9	1.3		39.9	39.5	32.4	2.3	50.1	30.6	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

Ν

number of injuries and illnesses during the reference period

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 18. Annualized incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Pennsylvania, 2021-2022

		Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ³																			
			Contact v	vith objects			Falls, slip	os, trips		Overex	ertion			Transportati	on accidents		Violenc	e and other inju	ries by persons o	r animal	
Characteristic	Private industry	Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Total	Roadway accidents	Fires and explosions	Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—uninte ntional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents	All other events
Total	115.4	22.6	10.9	6.9	3.5	26.5	5.2	16.4	4.5	26.4	8.2	1.6	29.2	4.3	2.8	.2	5.2	2.8	3. 3		1.0
Gender: Male Female	107.8 124.9	27.3 16.7	13.7 7.3	6.5 7.1	4.8 1.8	26.4 26.8	7.3 2.6	13.4 20.4	5.1 3.7	30.2 21.9	9.4 7.0	1.3 1.9	13.7 48.5	5.2 3.2	3.0 2.5	.3 	3.3 7.7		; .5 ; 1.2	1.3	1.4 .1
Age: 14 - 15 16 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 34 25 - 34 35 - 64 45 - 54 55 - 64 65 and over	167.0 129.9 101.5 107.6 117.2 130.0 96.2	40.0 34.9 23.6 18.2 18.3 23.6 10.9	23.5 19.9 11.1 8.5 10.4 9.1 6.6	 7.9 8.0 7.5 5.2 3.8 2.8	 6.5 5.8 3.6 3.7 2.6 3.1 1.2	 26.4 30.1 18.4 18.7 29.2 37.9 39.8	 3.5 5.8 4.9 4.6 4.8 6.7 5.9	 15.0 19.4 10.4 9.2 19.8 24.0 29.6	 7.7 4.4 2.7 4.6 4.1 6.9 3.4	 29.9 23.3 21.6 26.8 31.1 30.8 18.3	 12.2 8.5 7.0 9.1 7.9 9.6 5.1	1.5 .9 1.1 2.6 2.0	 57.2 27.8 27.5 32.6 26.6 29.6 20.1	3.7 3.1 3.8 3.7 5.9 4.7 3.9	 1.3 2.0 2.5 4.6 3.3 3.0	 .5 .2 	 10.2 6.1 6.4 3.2 2.8 2.3	3.4 3.0 2.3 2.1			 -3 .6 2.5 .7
Major occupational group: Management occupations Business and financial operations occupations Computer and mathematical occupations Computer and mathematical occupations Life, physical and social science occupations Ligal occupations Educational instruction and library occupations Educational instruction and library occupations Healthcare support occupations Healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Sales and related occupations Sales and related occupations Form of the service occupations Forming, fishing, and forestry occupations Forming, fishing, and forestry occupations Earling, fishing, and repair occupations Forming, fishing, and repair occupations Production occupations Construction and extraction occupations Production occupations Forming, fishing, and repair occupations Production occupations Production and material moving occupations	65.5 7.9 1.2 1.3.8 25.1 45.5 25.0 185.1 228.1 100.1 110.1 110.1 110.1 112.1 112.1 33.1 33.1 151.2 157.0 154.4	2.1 2.1 4.4 8.4 - 7.0 1.9 9.2 6.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0 37	1.0. 		.5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	18.6 19.9 1.9 5.1 4.2 20.6 32.4 25.2 37.1 69.4 15.5 14.3 7.7 17.8 56.3 7.7 17.8 56.3 5.5 56.4 4.4		16.2 1.4. -	1.0 4.6 4.6 - 4.9 6.2 3.3 3.2 1.82 - 1.6 5.7 5.7 1.35 5.7 1.35 3.4 1.32	8.5 7, 7, 1.11 7.8 4.7 27.0 37.1 17.6, 17.6, 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6 21.6	1.3 		28.4 4.2 - 3.2 5.8 12.7 - - 6.4 105.2 119.1 112.4 300.0 29.8 21.5 114.2 120.0 2.3 6.4 160.0 19.3 21.1	2.1 3.3 3.4 9.4 1725 8.8 1.1 1.5 1.3 .9 9.9 9.9 9.9 - 4.6 5.8.8 1.1 1723.3	1.2 		1.1 3 		5.1		
¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time w N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference pe EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 ² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with o ³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data excl	eriod ce period) hours per week, r without job trar y the U.S. Bureau	50 weeks per ye sfer or restrictio of Labor Statisti	ear). vn. ics.																		